# THE DEMOCRAT-LEADER.

VOL. 4. NO. 9. PORT ANGELES, CLALLAM COUNTY, WASHINGTON, JULY 28, 1893. PRICE FIVE CENTS



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THE POPULAR RESORT FOR BUSINESS MEN.

BEVERAGES Unexcelled. | ST. LOUIS LAGER BEER. Cold Lunches and Delicacies. | CIGARS. Only the Best


## IT WAS ANGELES DAY

### At the Lakes-Dancing, Moon-Light Excursions

### AND TROUT FISHING AFFORD A

**Most Delightful Variety of Pastime, Surrounded With Scenery the Magestic Grandeur of Which is Not Surpassed by Any Other Spot on the Face of the Earth.**

If you want to banish care, free your mind of the trials and exacting demands of business, be transferred from scenes of disappointment, worry and perplexity into a realm of perfect repose and quiet you will certainly go to the lakes.

A trip to the lakes is most delightful and refreshing, unfolding a panorama of natural scenery, each recurring view seemingly excell ing in points of grandeur, sublimity and loveliness.

Quite a number of Angeles' prominent society people, visited the lakes last Satday, stimulated doubtless with the knowledge that there was to be given a social dance at Lake View House, by the genial, ever considerate and courteous proprietor, Mr. Richard McDonnell.

A jollier, more congenial or livelier party, it certainly would be difficult to get together. Each considerate of the others pleasure and welfare, the moments flew swiftly in a continuous round of healtfelt and exciting sports and exercises. In almost every imaginable conveyance the

PLEASURE SEEKERS

Arrived at Lake Crescent at 7:30 where the steam launches "Lady of the Lake," and the "Flyer" were in waiting to convey the party to the Lake View House.

The exercises of the trip had cultivated a keen, yearning appetite of considerable magnitude, which, was, however, fully satisfied with the bounteous dinner so temptingly served and in turn so keenly relished by the famished participants. Following the twilight meal the dining hall was divested of its furniture, an improvised music stand adjusted, and the musicians inspired the dancers to "chase the fleeting hours with flying feet."

The music was excellent, the dancers in high spirits, the soft, cool, refreshing breeze wafted gently down the mountain side o'er the placid bosom of the lake infusing life and vim and animation to every living thing.

Dancing continued uninterrupted until 11:30, when luncheon was served. After refreshments had been served the dancers lolled around 'till the hours of morn suggested the need of rest. An excursion

ROUND THE LAKES

had been arranged for Sunday forenoon. At 9:30 a. m. the party boarded the "Lady of the Lake," and were soon gliding swiftly and noiselessly on the voyage. The air cool, bracing and invigorating, the snow-capped mountains towering in magestic grandeur in the distance beyond, the retreating nooks and glades, here and there interspersed, the shores thickly fringed with shrubbery, evergreen and the stately fir, blended in a scene that would impress an artist as his ideal. An hour was pleasantly spent at

LAKE PARK,

Mr. A. A Smith's summer home, an educated and polished gentleman and retired journalist, who, by the way, is a royal entertainer. This gentlemen is never happier than when surrounded with his friends. As his guests Mrs. Caie and Mrs. Polk, and Messrs. Horace White, W. W. Dedman and M. O. Gilpin of this city, were enjoying a brief outing, and most graciously assisted in the entertainment of the visitors.

With others the following comprised the party:

Mr. and Mrs. K. Y. Church, Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Johnson, the Misses Emma Fenn, Mabel Dowd, and Messrs. Warren Dodge, R. B. Bolton, S. A. Hall, B. T. Smith, C. E. Bell, Frank Harris, Dr. Strother and W. Mynatt. In addition the following well-known persons attended the dance Saturday evening: Mr. and Mrs. Richard McDonnell, Miss Julia Ferguson, Miss Kent and Messrs. Morris Fisher, Paul Barnes Carl O'Berg and Otto Hart.

NOTES.

With two steam launches plying on Lake Crescent, adequate accommodations are provided the traveling public.

Frank Harris has few equals as a stage driver, and the perfect command he exercises over his four-horse team, wins the admiration and inspires the confidence of his fellow travelers. By the way, he is far from being a novice with the violin, manipulating that instrument with a skillful, even professional touch, which was evidenced at the dance Saturday evening.

Mr. R. N. Wilson has a desirable situation for a summer resort on Lake Southerland. And he is aware of the fact, too. Tha ambition of his life is to transform the spot, so lavishly endowed by nature with every essential element, into an ideal pleasure resort. A fine park will be laid out, with hammocks, swings, lawn tennis courts, croquet grounds, boat and bath houses, and attractive cottages dotted here and there for the use of tourists and summer outing parties.

Rising to a point commanding a magnificent view of the lake, Mr. Herman Fisher has a beautiful summer home on Lake Southerland. From this charming spot the eye sweeps the surrounding country, beholding a picture in natural scenery of wonderful beauty.

Fishing is fairly good, at this season of the year.

They say Moses Gilpin is the champion angler.

Few visitors return from the lakes who are not charmed with their natural beauty and attractiveness.

Two young men of the city—one a popular grocer, the other connected with a newspaper, fished all day Sunday. How sinful!

"Dick" McDonnell is a well-known figure on the lower Sound, having resided in Clallam and Jefferson continuously since the '70's. Years ago when the Cosmopolitan was famous as the leading hotel of Townsend, under the Clapp regime, Mr. McDonnell most acceptably filled the position of and was familiarly known near and far as one of the most popular and accommodating clerks. Later on you learn of this gentleman, whose fame had then extended over the entire northwest, as the central figure presiding over the destiny of the Markham House, when Port Crescent was in the zenith of its speculative excitement. In the management of that hotel he did not lose any of his former reputation, but rather on the contrary ascended higher the ladder of fame. And there are even greater achievements in store for him on the shores of that beautiful lake.

Not only has he earned the well deserved reputation of a successful landlord, but is also known as a violinist of no mean skill and ability. In earlier days in Townsend, the fact alone that "Dick" McDonnell would provide the music for a dance, was sufficient inducement to bring out all the young folks who were devotees of this delightful amusement.

A mid-summer celebration is being arranged by that enthusiast, Frank P. Fisher, who never tires in expatiating over the natural attractions of the lakes. The nature of the celebration has not been unfolded, but enough is known to justify the prediction that it will be of that varied character to afford a fund of amusement for the spectators.

### ULMER--LAND NUPTIALS.

**They Were Quietly Married in Victoria on the Fourth.**

The marriage of Miss Maude Land and Mr. Chas. D. Ulmer, jr., was solemnized in Victoria on the 4th of July, last, at the Methodist parsonage.

The bride is an estimable young woman, of winning manners, and many graces of character, who enjoys the friendship and favor of a large circle of friends.

The bridegroom is the eldest son of Mr. Chas. D. Ulmer, editor of the Tribune-Times, and is a young man of worth and ability, who has the confidence and esteem of those with whom he has come in contact in business and social relations.

THE DEMOCRAT-LEADER joins the many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Ulmer in wishing them a long life of continued happiness and prosperity.

They left this morning for a week or ten days' outing at the lakes. Upon their return they will move into their new home on Tumwater Hill.


The simplest, lightest running, most durable Sewing Machine—the Singer—for sale by Mrs. Lee, Laurel street.

The man who never advertises always has plenty of time to balance his books.

L. H. Smith for Plumbing at his new stand Front and Oak streets.

The Singer Sewing Machine for sale on the installment plan. Inquiry at Mrs. Lee's, Laurel street.

When you need prescription filled with accuracy and pure drugs take them to the Hall Drug Company's store.

Fine line of stationery at the Hall Drug Company's store.


## SOUND FORTIFICATIONS.

### The Grave Dangers of the Situation.

### A LEADING COAST JOURNAL OF

**San Francisco Apprehends Danger in the Defenseless Condition of Puget Sound—The Strengthening of Esquimault a Menace to the Sound Which Foreshadows the Vital Need of Coast Defenses.**

One of the leading journals of San Francisco, the Bulletin, sounds the tocin of warning of the grave need, of fortifications at the entrance of Puget Sound.

This condition is greatly aggrevated by the strengthening of the fortifications at Esquimault on the port of the Canadian and imperial governments. In its issue of the 20th the Bulletin says:

"It is reported that the Canadian and imperial governments have at last agreed upon the strengthening of the fortifications of Esquimault harbor. The idea is to give Great Britain an impregnable navy station at this point. This will go far to secure her navy dominance at the Pacific, unless we adopt counteracting measures. Esquimault will be to our Pacific coast what Halifax is to our Atlantic seaboard, but within closer striking distance. It actually sits at the entrance of our second most important harbor on this coast, the terminus of two transcontinental railroads, and commands all access thereto, The inner gates of Puget Sound at Port Townsend and Deception pass are easily defensible. The naval station to be established further up the Sound may be made impregnable.

"All this will not prevent Esquimault from holding the entrance unless our naval force on this coast is capable of keeping it open. The straits of Juan de Fuca is too wide to be actually commanded by the Esquimault batteries, but they would cover a force of battle ships, torpedo boats, etc., which would effectually close the passage unless we were strong enough in like means to keep it open. With one first class naval station at Mare Island and another on Puget Sound and an effective force of vessels of various classes we would command the situation in the straits of Fuca.

"Perhaps fortifications at Port Angeles or New Dungeness or both will ultimately form a part of our system of defense. They will furnish points of support and refuge for operations in the straits.

"There may be no connection between this agreement to fortify Esquimault and the recent establishment of a steam line between British Columbia, Hawaii and Sidney, but they come suspiciously near together. They also bear closely upon the fact that President Cleveland by his folly is in a fair way to hand Hawaii over to Great Britain. The provisional government of the islands frankly asserts that its purpose is to seek British protection if the annexation projects fails.

"The new steam line comes in very convenienently with the commercial facilities it offers to encourage this proposition. As Esquimault on the Pacific stands in place of Halifax on the Atlantic, so would Hawaii represent the Bermadus and complete the cordon of British posts along our coasts on both oceans.

"If all these movements do not form a part of the broad and coherent design on the part of England then appearances are very deceptive. The moral of the situation is before us while maintaining and strengthening ourselves at San Francisco bay and Puget Sound, to prevent the closing of the British navy and commercial cordon by annexing Hawaii, without any more foolishness about it. The 'cross roads of the Pacific' is the key to the commercial situation, while it commands stragetically the main trans-Pacific lines of travel. With a cable from Honolulu to San Francisco, it would also become the center of the future telegraphic system of the Pacific."

### COUNTY NEWS.

**Interesting Paragraphs From the County Press.**

Port Crescent Leader.]

Captain Horne says the Willapa's second trip to La Push was very pleasant. The sea was as smooth as a mill pond and the journey wes made without difficulty or accident.

The extensive prospecting that is being done for mineral in Clallam county this summer should certainly result in a more accurate estimate of our resources in that line, although even the present mode of prospecting is of source very superficial.

Mr. James Anderson, of Forks, formerly of Port Crescent, passed here yesterday on his way to his ranch. It was Mr. Anderson who recently made the sale of his hops for 20 cents at Seattle, the highest price of the season. There is now a large and increasing acreage planted in hops in the Quillayute country.

East Clallam Record.]

Rev. J. M. Baxter delivered an interesting sermon Tuesday evening and the following evening held a baptism service. A society of the Methodist Episcopal church was organized with the following officers: C. H. Fuhrmann, Mrs. Mary Sands, Thomas Clark, Trustees; Mrs. Lillian McMillen, Mrs. C. M. Fuhrmann, Miss Carrie L. Clark, Stewards.

The U. S. survey steamer Gedney called in last Saturday leaving instructions for their officer on the heights near town.

**Mineral Deposits of Clallam.**

More effort is being made now to prospect the county for mineral than ever before. Mr. Charles Jones reports that he has made valuable discoveries in the mountains and says that he will shortly place his information with parties who will develop the mineral.

At lake Crescent local parties have been looking carefully over the ground and with favorable results that two claims have already been filed for record with the auditor of Clallam county. These are both in the neighborhood of Barnes' Falls, one of the most charming scenic points in western Washington.

The locators are confident that they have discovered mineral of the most valuable kind and are engaged in developing the veins they have opened. The lack of mineral has been one of the main reasons for the slowness of the settlement of the Olympic peninsula and nothing would tend so much to hasten the progress of this county as the finding of rich veins of mineral or coal.—Port Crescent Leader.

**Industrial Advancement.**

Hard times may prevent speculation, but they do not check the energy and industry of individuals. On the contrary they have a tendency to stimulate effort. Capital may not flow freely, but that which creates capital, namely, labor, does not rest idle because the banks are making no loans. We refer now particularly to the country districts. In the city are many persons without employment, but nearly every farmer is working as hard as he did in the flushest times and many of them are working harder. The state will feel the good of this when times revive. We will realize then what an enormous advance had been made during the past three comparatively quiet years. So that while Washington is undoubtedly in common with its sister states the inconvenience of the tightness of money, it is making rapid and steady progress from year to year and will be in a far better condition to derive advantage from the coming business revival than she would have been had one occurred two years ago. The depression has been the cause of much inconvenience and perhaps some loss, but in the end the business of the state will be found to be the better for its partial rest, which has turned the attention of the people away from mere speculation and towards the utilization of the immense resources lying close at hand. East Clallam Record.


Wall Paper of the latest styles and designs can be seen at Keller & Randall's Drug Store in the Opera House Block.

Prescriptions prepared with the greatest care at the Hall Drug store.

See Van Lehn Bros., prices on job lots of feed and flour.

L. H. Smith for water pipe at his new stand,

For Dungeness butter go to Harvey's store.

L. H. Smith for tin roofing at his new stand,

The A. U. Davis butter at Harvey's.

The best is the cheapest. Call on Keller & Randall, in the Opera House Block, when you want drugs, toilet articles, perfumery, etc. Prescriptions honestly and carefully compounded.

Several blocks in the Colony's 2nd addition. Have cash customers for lots in this addition. Prefer whole blocks.

THOS. MALONY.

## GOVERNMENT OWNERSHIP.

### Examples Found in Missouri's State Warehouse and Railroads.

W. J. Courtney of Liberty, Mo., writes to The National Economist as follows:

In relation to government warehouses and ownership of railroads by the general government, if we can show that a state can own, manage and operate warehouses, etc., successfully for the people, we have gone a long way toward establishing the fact that the general government can also.

In this state prior to the war and up to Dec. 15, 1865, Missouri owned and operated a state warehouse at St. Louis, known as the state tobacco warehouse. The legislature of the state conceived the plan to construct at state expense a tobacco warehouse at that place, for the purpose of encouraging the tobacco growers of the state. This was before the war, when we had slavery in this state, and the tobacco and hemp industries was the brag of Missouri.

This warehouse was built and managed by the state until Dec. 15, 1865, when it was sold to Jamison & Cotting for $132,000. The plan in detail was about this: A tobacco grower along the Missouri river would raise his tobacco, bulk it, ship by boat to St. Louis, store it in this state warehouse, receive a certificate for the same, take his certificate, go to some commission firm, broker or bank, and receive a large amount of money on this certificate until his commission men could sell. This certificate was good anywhere in the state, and many places out of the state. It answered all the purposes, and enabled the tobacco grower to get the best price possible for his tobacco, and he was not forced to sell. This proved a remarkably good thing for the tobacco growers of the state during the slavery times. After the slaves were freed the tobacco and hemp industries of the state almost ceased. The state, having no further use for the warehouse, sold it, as stated, in 1865.

In 1851 there was not a mile of railroad in operation in the state of Missouri. The Democratic legislature of the state pledged its credit for the payment of bonds to build five trunk lines to the amount of $24,950,000. When the war broke out these lines were not completed. The state held the first mortgage. The contractors grew disheartened on account of the war, threw up and abandoned the Missouri Pacific and one or two other of these lines to the state, and in June, 1866, George Fletcher took possession of the Pacific road, only partly completed, in bad condition, and appointed General Clinton B. Fisk to operate it. General Fisk took charge and operated this road for the state but a short time, and turned into the treasurer of the state $25,000—a handsome profit to the people of the state on a road with no terminus and in a wretched condition just after the close of the war when the road was sold by the state.

Also, on Feb. 10, 1865, Governor Fletcher took possession of what was known as the Platte country railroads and operated them successfully and profitably for the state until they were sold. Now we have shown that Missouri has successfully owned, managed and operated warehouses and railroads for the state. Why not the government? And this was done both by Democrats and Republicans, and at a time when, in relation to railroads, it was a very uncertain business in this state.

These facts can be found by the acts of the general assembly of the state of Missouri, and we offer them to the thinking mind of the American people. It seems to us that we have strong proof that at least a state can do these things, and with benefit to the great mass of the commonwealth.

### Lawyers and Lawyers.

Did some one ask why lawyers as a rule oppose the People's party and talk unceasingly about standing up for the good name of Kansas? It is simply because the more vicious legislation we have the more lawyers flourish. The more foreclosures there are and the more business failures there are the better it is for the lawyers. Litigation follows bankruptcy and ruin. But some one asks if there are not some lawyers in the People's party? Certainly. They are the ones who have some consideration for the rest of mankind, and they realize that there is such a thing as carrying one's selfish motives too far. They are not too selfish to consider that there are other people in the world, and some of them remember that they have children who are not lawyers and who are likely to live after them. Some lawyers have a conscience, and they contend that to save the people from retrogression and degradation is the proper way to save the credit of the state. It requires more in a man than meekness and submission to build up credit.—Topeka Advocate.

### All the Difference.

The editor of the Washington Post, ex-Postmaster General Frank Hatton, said at the Grand Pacific the other day "It will make no difference who is elected, except that if Cleveland succeeds we in Washington will have to make ourselves acquainted with a new lot of politicians." No man is better posted on the situation and on the methods and intent of the old parties than Mr. Hatton, who speaks a simple truth and a great deal of it in making this admission. The people generally realize this, too, that one lot of politicians out and another in is all an election means or a change accomplishes. This is why the jumping jacks on the political rostrums this year contort and tumble with so little effect. "You can't fool all the people all the time," Messrs. Machine Politicians, and this is your year to fail to do it.—Chicago Vanguard.

Can any one tell why it is that people who preach "that dress don't make the man" will always bow to the fellow who is done up in the latest style, though they know his head is as empty as a dried gourd, and pass his poorly clad but scholarly brother with averted head?—Grange Advocate.

### [illegible] of the Cotton Gin.

No invention has played a larger part in our history than the cotton gin, which was the work of Eli Whitney. Whitney was the son of a poor Massachusetts farmer and worked his way through college without assistance. Soon after the revolution he settled in Georgia and became a teacher to the children of Mrs. Nathaniel Greene, widow of the famous General Greene. One day when a company of planters were assembled at Mrs. Greene's house near Savannah the depressed condition of the southern states came up for discussion, and it was generally agreed that the chief cause of the existing condition of affairs was the difficulty of raising cotton with profit, owing to the great labor of separating the fibers of the cotton from the seed. One of the planters suggested that perhaps this work could be done with a machine, and this prompted Mrs. Greene to remark: "Gentlemen, apply to my young friend, Mr. Whitney. He can make anything."

Whitney was sent for and the situation explained to him. He told the planters he had never seen a pod of cotton in his life, but he would try what he could do. Next day he procured some unclean cotton, shut himself up in his room and set to work to invent the machine required. From early boyhood he had exhibited wonderful skill in mechanics, and this aptitude was of the greatest assistance to him in his present task. He was compelled to make the tools and the wire with which he worked, but before winter had ended he had completed his machine. Then he set it up in a shed and invited a number of planters to come and see it work. The delight of his visitors at what they saw was unbounded. Whitney's engine could clean as much coton in one day as a man could clean in a whole winter.—New York Herald.

### The Black Hole of Middle Mountain.

Up until about the middle of April, 1890, the "Black hole of Middle mountain" was one of the best known of Virginia's natural curiosities, the natural bridge of course always excepted. The Black hole was a natural well about twenty feet in diameter, situated at the foot of Middle mountain on the farm of A. H. Slitlington, in Pocahontas county. It was of unknown depth and locally believed to be poisonous from the fact that cattle, horses and other animals in common refused to drink of the water although almost famishing from thirst. Black hole has been known since at least 100 years before the opening of the Revolutionary war, and was given the name it bore because its waters looked as black as ink, even though the eyes of the beholder were not more than two feet distant from its surface. When dipped out by the cup, pail or barrelful it appeared as clear as crystal, the original coal black appearance being a phenomenon never satisfactorily accounted for.

Black hole, which had stood with its waters at a uniform level for two centuries of white man's history (during which time the water line had never in the least been affected by flood or drought), suddenly disappeared. One Varner, who lives on the Slitlington farm, was the first to discover and announce what was considered a neighborhood calamity. He had gone to salt the cattle which usually congregated in the shade around the brink of the pool, and was amazingly astonished to find that the old "bottomless well" had suddenly become a thing of the past. Its waters had been mysteriously drained, and its sides had fallen in.—St. Louis Republic.

### The Different Hedge Plants.

Prospective planters of hedges may be assisted in making a decision by the following from Country Gentleman, whether the hedge be for ornament or with a view of forming a farm inclosure: "The selection must vary with locality, some succeeding well in one place and not in others. Where there is a good natural or artificial drainage and the winters are not too severe the osage orange is quite successful. In other places the honey locust does well, provided it is well cut back at the right time of year. The privet has a handsome natural hedgy growth, but is apt to die out in patches. The buckthorn is a hardy, thick grower, requiring less cutting back than some others, and when two or three barb wires are stretched lengthwise through its center while growing it becomes an efficient barrier. The barberry makes a beautiful hedge with little cutting and forms a good barrier with the barb wire center. Beautiful evergreen hedges are made of Norway spruce or hemlock, strengthened with wire in the same way. The arbor vitæ, or white cedar, has been much used, but will not bear its own shade without becoming too thin in foliage.

### A Curious Irish Tradition.

Ireland is a country rich in traditions, and in places every inch of the ground has its queer history and some quaint story attached to it. For instance, not far from Belfast there is a romantic old well in a curious hollow of the hills called Barnas gap. The well is known as Barnas well and is filled at the bottom with white stones, the heather around being covered with pieces of rags. Close, too, is a large mound composed of stones, which is said to cover the bones of a holy friar long since dead. Every visitor to the well appears to make it a practice of adding a stone to the heap already there, but for what reason it is impossible to say.—Million.

### A New Potato Food.

A new substance called torrefied pulp is being prepared from the potato. Its main use is for feeding cattle, but with boiling water it is said to form a palatable soup, and can be made into good breadstuff when mixed with wheat or rye flour. The potatoes are ground, and the pulp, after being pressed until most of the water is excluded, is sliced and dried in a furnace. The heating process is continued just long enough to give a pleasant taste to the product without converting its starch into dextrin.—Exchange.

### Republican Reorganization.

There has been some talk since the result of the late presidential election became known concerning the necessity for a reorganization of the Republican party. Just what is meant by reorganization is not clear. If it is only proposed that changes shall be made in the method of conducting political campaigns in order to secure a better canvass and more accurate information as to the political affiliations or preferences of electors; to bring those who are temporarily charged with the management of the campaign and the party leaders into touch with the masses, and to provide a more effective means for reaching the individual voter, no one will question the necessity. If, again, by the reorganization of the Republican party is meant the abandonment of those principles of the party which are supposed to have met with popular disapproval, such a reorganization is impossible. It would involve a final dissolution of the party.

Any party which can adopt new principles to meet every chance emergency, and which has no higher aim than public plunder, is not worthy to receive, and cannot hope long to retain, the support of that portion of the country without which no party can succeed. It has been gravely suggested that the Republican party should seek success by an abandonment or a modification of its position upon the tariff, by the adoption of some modified financial proposition which would satisfy a supposed popular demand, or by a formal declaration against federal control of federal elections. The Republican party must look for success in the triumph of its principles, and not by trimming its sails to catch every popular breeze.—Senator Dolph in North American Review.

### Smelt Fishermen's Luck.

There was quite a panic among the smelt fishermen of Stroudwater the other evening. On the ice below the tide mill are about twenty of the little wooden box houses used by the fishermen. On one of the coldest evenings the fishermen were snugly ensconced in their little houses, with warm fires, pipes lit, and lines hanging down through holes in the ice for the benefit of the smelts.

It had been so cold that the water next the tide mill had frozen solid, so that when the miller hoisted his gate the water, instead of taking its accustomed channel, ran out on top of the ice to a depth of about six inches. The flood was upon the fishermen before they were aware of its cause. At once there was a panic. They left their warm houses and rushed headlong for the bank. Soon one of them, a genius, hitched a rope to his house and dragged it ashore. In a few minutes all had adopted the plan, and in a twinkling the smelt village had vanished. When the water subsided they returned.—Portland (Me.) Press.

### To Breed Kangaroos in America.

Henry G. Adams, of Sydney, Australia, is here. From Montreal he goes to Topeka, Kan., and from that point he will reconnoiter the southwestern prairies with a view of purchasing large ranches for rearing an animal never seen outside of a cage on this continent—the kangaroo.

"The kangaroo is to take the place of the almost extinct buffalo," said Mr. Adams today. "I am confident," he continued, "that they will thrive in the same latitude as that in which the American bison multiplied to such enormous herds. I am told that the climate is similar to that of New South Wales, but I shall soon know the truth for myself. I will spend the winter in the southwest, and before the end of next summer I expect to make my first importation of kangaroos."—Montreal Cor. Chicago Tribune.

### A Strange Story.

Bloomdale has been the scene of a very strange occurrence. Daniel Mope, living at that place, was thirteen months old when his mother died, which occurred about seven years ago. Her body was interred in a cemetery near there. Last September his father died and was also buried in the same cemetery. A few weeks ago the grandparents of the child had his mother taken up to remove her to the same lot with her husband in the cemetery. On opening the casket their eyes witnessed the same features as well preserved as when placed in the grave. The news was at once sent to the grandmother, where the boy resided. She took the little one to the cemetery, where he saw his mother for the first time in his recollection.—Cor. Boston Journal.

### Hibernating in Captivity.

The new cinnamon bear at Manhattan Beach is out of sight. He was chained firmly in a cage built outside the animal house, and when the keeper came on the ground Wednesday morning the cage was empty. On looking closer the keeper saw some fresh earth at the end of the cage. He investigated and found a big hole under the animal house, which the bear had dug during the night and crawled into. He staid there all day and is apparently asleep. He refuses to come out under any provocation, and will not eat. The keeper thinks he is hibernating, and will probably stay in his hole until next summer.—Denver Republican.

### A Butterfly Ten Miles Out at Sea.

Charles Hawkins succeeded in capturing a handsome butterfly Sunday afternoon on board the tug that went out to meet the Numidian. The genial, light winged messenger from a very distant clime, no doubt, hove in sight and sort of nodded to the passengers on the tug, as much as to say that everything was all right and that the rest of the crowd would soon be along. In his good nature and familiarity he took a seat on the rail and was soon made a prisoner.—Eastern (Me.) Argus.

### After He Got Back.

Back of the merry bells there is occasionally a young man with icy feet and benumbed hands who is learning that a five dollar ride behind a three dollar horse is not necessarily fascinating.—Philadelphia Ledger.

### His Hand Froze to a Limb and Saved Him.

James Matthews and Dr. John Williams are the heroes of a remarkable adventure from which they barely escaped with their lives. They set out to cross Wolf river in an old bateau at a point where the stream is half a mile wide, and when about sixty yards from the bank, where the water was very deep, with a swift current, their boat sank and both were left struggling in the icy torrent. Matthews managed to reach a tree and pulled himself up to a seat on a stout limb. Dr. Williams was swept past this refuge, and could do no better than clutch the pendent branch of another tree. He was too much benumbed to reach the trunk, and was afraid to let go, so there he staid half submerged in freezing water, while his companion shivered on a limb near at hand, but unable to render him any assistance.

There they remained for several hours, when at length their cries were heard and a rescue undertaken. It was necessary first, however, to build a boat, and this took six hours more, and it was not until they had passed nearly ten hours in their perilous situation that they were finally taken off. Dr. Williams' hand had frozen to the limb he grasped, and it was necessary to bring the limb away with him. But for freezing to it he would have been swept away and drowned.—Memphis Cor. St. Louis Republic.

### Painting the World's Fair Buildings.

Director of Decorations Millet is following after Leonardo's footsteps. While engaged in devising schemes of loveliness for the adornment of the buildings in Jackson park, Mr. Millet has become an inventor. "We made an estimate," said Mr. Millet, "of the time it would take to color those buildings with a brush. We found it would be impossible to do it that way. There are acres of ceilings to be painted, so we turned the machine on them."

The machine which Mr. Millet's modesty prevents him from avowing as his own device is a gaspipe a foot long, flat at one end, so as to leave an opening an inch across and wide enough to insert a sheet of cardboard. This pipe is attached to a long piece of rubber hose. The other end of the hose is dipped in a barrel of paint. An electric motor does the rest. The painting of the World's fair buildings now proceeds apace.—Chicago Herald.

### A Cold Weather Scheme.

On one of the busy down town streets there is a dealer in secondhand books whose stalls, outside of his door, are surrounded by a half dozen or more men at nearly all hours of the day looking for readable matter. When the cold weather began this shrewd dealer saw that his trade at the outside stalls was rapidly falling off. The next day in passing his place it was noticed that the stalls were not outside as usual, but in the window was a great placard reading: "Come inside, boys. It is too cold to stand out there and examine books. We have them all nicely warmed for you to handle." The scheme is working like a charm, and all the other secondhand book dealers on that thoroughfare wonder why they did not hit upon the idea first.—New York Times.

### Death of a Johnstown Hero.

Romeo, the big dog which made almost a national reputation in connection with the flood at Johnstown, is dead at the age of 13 years. The animal was noticed extensively by the newspapers for his work as a rescuer in the disaster, particularly for saving the life of Mrs. Kress, the wife of his master. She was washed off a roof on which members of the family were afloat, and would certainly have drowned had not the dog swam to her aid, and, seizing her skirt in his teeth, regained the raft after a desperate struggle. Although he has been blind and deaf for some time, he has been cared for as tenderly as if he were human.—Cor. Pittsburg Dispatch.

### Died in Accordance with His Wish.

On the Friday before his death General Butler sent for a business friend, and in the course of the conversation the sudden death of a mutual friend, the late Vice President Du Barry, of the Pennsylvania road, was mentioned. Mr. Du Barry had finished his day's work and then died. General Butler said to his friend:

And that is the way I wish to die when my time comes. I am in no haste to leave this world. I shall be well content to stay here some years longer, but when my time shall come that is the way I wish to go. I want to do my day's work and die.—Hartford Courant.

### An English Juror Fined.

The severity of British justice was well illustrated at Northampton the other day, where a trial for murder was in progress. The jury having been permitted to partake of a lunch in their room, one of their number took this opportunity to step out and post a letter. The judge, hearing of this, promptly gave the offending juror a strong lecture and fined him $250. He dismissed the jury, and a new one was impaneled.—London Letter.

### An Incident in the House.

The house met in continuation of yesterday's session. When the speaker's gavel fell to call the body to order a number of members who were ignorant of the fact that the house had merely been in recess reverently rose to listen to the chaplain's prayer, and then sat down amid the laughter of their better informed colleagues.—Washington Letter.

The mansion near the Schuylkill falls, once occupied by Governor Thomas Mifflin, of Pennsylvania, and a landmark of colonial days, has just been sold and is about to be demolished. Governor Mifflin was born in Philadelphia in 1744.

During the recent lord mayor's show in London the foul air of the crowded streets was noticeable. To such as sat slightly above the level of the pavement the impurity of the air was distinctly perceptible.


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JOHN W. TROY.....Editor


### THE GREATEST GENERAL.

The Post-Intelligencer of last Sunday contains a most excellent editorial on the "growing fame" of General Grant. Time is just beginning when the history of the civil war and true estimates of its great actors can be truly appreciated. A quarter century of time, bringing with it new men and new politcal issues, has stilled the prejudices of war times; and men can criticise the great men of the war, both North and South, without being accused of having personal feeling, more largely than has ever before been the case.

Probably no conflict ever brought forth so many great leaders, civil and military, on both sides, as did the great fight between the American states, and the issues that led up to it and those that grew out of it. Of the great military heroes, the greatest has been a question undetermined, except by everyone for himself, until yet. By the rule of majorities, however, the list, from amongst whom history will, if it has not already, select the greatest general of the civil war, has been narrowed down to three—McClellan, Lee, Grant. These three were all great generals, alike in many respects, yet in the main, very different. Each, probably, the greatest in some things.

McClellan was a trained, scientific soldier. He was a profound student, full of energy, honesty of purpose and patriotism; a man of broad ideas; a man of intellect second to none in the country. His education and training were perfect. He thought with the world's best thinkers, great thoughts. No wonder, that as a soldier, he planned great plans. McClellan was a thorough man, who first reasoned out his case, and then made his plans. Thus he was not excelled as an engineer. His calculations were always perfect, his execution always exact. He was a thorough student of military history and a master of wars, battles and tactics. His plan of campaign, submitted to the government on assuming command of the armies of the United States, was the most nearly perfect and complete ever made by an army officer. So well had everything been considered, that this genius, twenty years afterward, writing for "McClellan's Own Story," stated that history had served but to confirm his judgment. General McClelland was idolized by his army. Officers and privates vied with each other in doing him honor. They had confidence in him. They knew his ability and respected him; they understood his patriotism and loved him.

Richmond would have been taken and the rebellion suppressed in 1862 had General McClellan received the support he was entitled to from the Administration and Congress. Had not the influence of Secretary Stanton, than whom a demagogue of more traitorous propensities never disgraced public office, and Thad Stevens and other bitter partisians not been so great, or had President Lincoln and Secretary Seward possessed a stronger will, or been more stubborn, then American history would not have known Grant, or Sherman or Sheridan—McClellan, Rosecrans, Heintzleman, Sumner, Hooker, Burnside and Stoneman would have been the heroes of the Union. But it was not so, and McClellan had not the resources of Grant. He could not, like Grant, with plans, thwarted, arise to the occasion, equal still. So the sacrifice to jealousy, to hatred, to partisanship and to ignorance, pardonable in part, of the world's greatest master of the true science and art of war was complete. On behalf of many critics it may be said that McClellan was ahead of his time. The people had not been educated to understand him.

General Grant was the man for the occasion. The American administration was not trained to war, but in Grant they found a man for an emergency. He, like Napolean, always made the most of the situation. In fact, as a chief, Grant in many respects resembled the great emporer of the French. It is true, he had not the magnetism of Napolean, or of McClellan, but he was Napolean's superior in his capacity to make the best of every resource at his command. Like Napolean, he was brilliant, he understood men and used it at an advantage. He had Napolean's capacity for fighting. With this he had Wellington's bulldog tenacity and bravery. He was even hazardous and did not know such a thing as failure. He was confident. Like Napoleon and Wellington he was a great strategist on the field, and turned everything to account. His Vicksburg campaign, the reorganization of the army of the Cumberland and the victory of Chattanooga, the final capture of Richmond and all, speak for Grant more eloquently than can words. When all is considered the policy of the administration, the strength of the armies of the Union, their equipment and the stage of the war, the nervous strain of the people, and all else, General Grant was the man for the occasion, and was, thus considered, superior to McClellan. Grant was the last of the world's great commanders of the old-time school, of which Napolean, Wellington and grant will always stand out as the great trio.

McClellan was the first of a school more nearly perfect and more scientific, of which we have had but two—McClellan and Von Moltke. Let us hope we will need no more.

General Lee was a combination of both McClellan and Grant, but rather an unhappy one. His campaigns were better and more thoroughly planned than Grant's. In this he resembled McClellan more. He was idolized by his soldiers as was McClellan. He was not so easily turned from his purpose as McClellan was. In this he resembled Grant. But unlike Grant, he became, sometimes, over reckless in defeat and over enthusiastic in victory. But Lee was embarrassed by the politics of the South, too, and it is difficult to estimate him properly, or make comparisons. Lee was bold, skillful and energetic. A man of wonderful resources, but was not a man who could coup with Grant without unlimited resources at his command, although he excelled him in the knowledge and the art of war, and would have probably been his superior with all the material and equipment known to science.

General Longstreet probably understood the conditions of the war, and was not far wrong when he said:

"The rarest and most indispensable quality of a great general is not so much his technical knowledge of grand tactics and strategy as his unflinching moral courage to meet, face and force the military responsibility to the utmost: in this respect Grant was the greatest soldier of the war on either side."

Although, at the best, the matter of the greatest general is one that every man must determine for himself.

### PENSION REFORM.

THE DEMOCRAT-LEADER has been accused of being opposed to the old soldiers, because it has advocated a reform in the pension list. This is a mistake. If this paper has any quarrel with anyone about the issues of the war, it is certainly not with the gallant men who did service in the field on either side. It recognizes the great debt all owe to those brave soldiers who fought the great fight for the preservation of the Union of States. We believe that the citizens of this country owe a pension to every veteran who needs it, who suffered for his country; and more, we favor the dependant pension law that is now in force, but we do believe that it should not be abused by giving to everyoue a pension, whether he is capable of self support or not, whether he is a deserter or not. We believe, and the evidence is conclusive, that this pension law has been abused. It has been constantly construed for the benefit of pension attorneys at Washington. We believe the pension list should be in this country, as elsewhere, a roll of honor.

Our friends should not forget that the greatest, the strongest and most determined demand for pension reform has come from old soldiers themselves, nor is it confined to the Democratic party There is not a better, no more loyal Republican paper in the United States than the Chicago Tribune, which recently said:

"If those now in charge of the Pension Bureau live up to the promises they have made, no honest man will find fault with them. No sincere friend of the soldiers wishes a person to be given a pension of $4 a month because he has lost his hair from typhoid fever or because he has a corn on his foot, or of $12 a month because, not being able to hear a watch tick within two inches of his ear, he is held to be incapacitated for manual labor. Nor will any friend of the soldiers object if men receiving pensions on such grounds are deprived of them."

The San Francisco Chronicle, the Portland Oregonian and the Seattle Post-Intelligencer, the three leading Republicans papers on the Pacific Coast, have recently taken a similar stand on this question. The demand is from every party, from all sections.

THE Post-Intelligencer, in a characteristic editorial, still insists that the Sherman act was passed to prevent the free coinage of silver. The funny part of the editorial is that it shows that the vote on Bland's free coinage amendment was lost by eleven majority. Explain it as they may, Republicans cannot get around the fact that the Sherman act was passed, mainly by the enemies of free coinage, to save to the Republican party the vote of the silver states.

THE coinage question must be settled, without special regard for the personal interest of the "silver kings" or the "gold bugs" either. Both are now showing themselves to be on a par with the protected barons by asking for legislation of a special character for special benefits. The public welfare alone should be considered.


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### PERSONAL MENTION

Dr. Gore went to Victoria, Wednesday

Col. Coolican and party are camping out at Morse's creek.

Judge Ballinger, of Townsend was a visitor Tuesday.

Mr. Henry McAlmond of Dungeness, was in the city yesterday.

Mr. R. B. Bolton spent several days at the lakes, this week.

Mr. Chas. E. Dyer, bank examiner, went to Townsend Wednesday.

Miss Calvert, of Seattle, is a guest of Miss Elaine Fitzsimmons.

Mr. Jno. Trumbull, of Townsend, was in town Wednesday.

Mr. T. E. Minor, of Dungeness, was a visitor here Wednesday.

Mr. Warren Carroll, of Townsend, was in the city Wednesday.

Mr. M. O. Gilpin returned from a week's visit at the lakes, Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. C. Hatch, returned Wednesday, from a week's outing at the lakes.

Captain James Morgan, son and daughter of Port Townsend, are camping at Lake Crescent.

Messrs. H. S. Ballou and B. Van Lehn returned from a pleasure trip to British Columbia, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Lyons, who have been visitors in this city for some time past, left Tuesday for their home near Denver, Colorado.

Miss Luella Hall returned Saturday from an extended visit abroad, during which she perfected her education in music and in the languages.

Miss Buiah Jarvis, who had been the guest of her sister, Mrs. W. W. Ferrier, for several months past, left last Tuesday for Carvallis, Oregon, where she will remain on a prolonged visit with her sister, Mrs. Dr. Altman.

Rev. and Mrs. W. W. Ferrier left Tuesday for Indiana, where they will remain about a year. For several years past Mr. Ferrier's health has been very poor, the trip East at this time was hastened for this reason. A large circle of friends sincerely hope that he will be benefitted from the change.


ATTENTION.—Any person desiring a carriage to any part of the city, will find the undersigned on Lincoln street wharf, nearly opposite the Y. M. C. A. rooms. Passengers taken to and from all boats; also baggage promptly delivered. Terms reasonable. Orders left at the Y. M. C. A. or at Maggart's second hane store on Front corner Oak streets. Prompt attention given to all orders Patronage respectfully solicited.

WM. H. DOUGLAS.


### Instincts of Roots.

There seems to be an orderly instinct in roots that cannot be accounted for. When the seed sprouts and the stem starts upward to make the trunk, one bud pushes down into the earth to form a top root. What it is that gives the order for one to push up and one to push down is incomprehensible. But, more than this, while the top root is descending deep into the ground, as if to anchor the tree securely against wind and storm, other roots start to grow horizontally just beneath the surface of the ground. These surface roots are at first but mere fibers. When the Autumn arrives, and the leaves fall, most of these fibers die also, leaving only a few to live over, and these become permanent surface roots.

We know why some live to become permanent roots, as against the thousands which die. We say they are gifted with greater vital power. They were able to get more nutrition than the others, and nutrition to some extra means vigorous life—but in that way this ordering of some roots to go down as anchors, and the others to spread out near the surface where food is, to act as feeders, is just as deep an unsolved problem as it was hundreds of years ago.—Thomas Meehan in Philadelphia Ledger.

### Our Pride.

James Hamilton Lewis fought ex-Attorney General Garland and James McNaught on the lien land cases and the great Hoke decided with the pride of Washington's young Democracy,—Tacoma News.

### The Weather.

Highest wind and direction for the week, 24 miles W. Date, 23d.

Average rainfall since January 1, 16.77 inches for nine years.

Total amount of rainfall since January 1, 19.88 inches.

Total excess since January 1, 3.11 inches. WM. BELL, U. S. Observer.


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## Summons for Publication.

IN the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for the County of Clallam, holding terms at Port Angeles.

STATE OF WASHINGTON, COUNTY OF CLALLAM. } ss.

Action brought in the Superior Court for the County of Clallam holding terms at Port Angeles, and complaint filed in the office of the clerk of said court on the 15th day of May, 1893.

Phoebe Chalfaut, Plaintiff,
vs.
Perry Chalfaut, Defendant.

To the above named defendant:

You are hereby notified that Phoebe Chalfaut, plaintiff, has filed a complaint against you in the superior court of the state of Washington, for the county of Clallam, holding terms at Port Angeles, which will come on to be heard sixty days after the first publication of this summons, to-wit: Sixty days after the 19th day of May, 1893, and unless you appear and answer the same on or before the 22nd day of July, 1893, the same will be taken as confessed and the prayer of said complaint granted.

The object and prayer of said complaint is to obtain a divorce from you on the grounds of "abandonment for one year" and for "neglect and refusal to support" her for same time, and for title to lots 7 and 8 of block 342, U. S. Reserve at Port Angeles said county and lots 27 and 28, block 18 of Rogarty and Dolan's addition to Port Angeles said county and costs and disbursements herein.

{SEAL} WITNESS my hand and the seal of said Superior Court, affixed this 15th day of May, A. D. 1893.

A. A. RICHARDSON,
County Clerk and Clerk of the Superior Court.
GEO. C. HATCH, Plaintiff's att'y.

## SUMMONS BY PUBLICATION.

STATE OF WASHINGTON, COUNTY OF CLALLAM. } ss

*In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for the County of Clallam, holding terms at Port Angeles.*

William J. Morrissey, Plaintiff,
vs.
John G. Rollins, Defendant. } No. 677.

Action brought in the Superior Court for the County of Clallam, holding terms at Port Angeles, and complaint filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court on the 7th day of April, 1893.

*To the above-named Defendant:*

YOU ARE HEREBY notified that William J. Morrissey, Plaintiff, has filed a complaint againt you in the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for the County of Clallam, holding terms at Port Angeles, which will come on to be heard sixty days after the first publication of this Summons, to-wit: Sixty days after the 7th day of April, 1893, and unless you appear and answer the same on or before the 10th day of June, 1893, the same will be be taken as confessed and the prayer of said Complaint granted.

The object and prayer of said Complaint is to obtain judgment on a promissory note of date Jannary 11th, 1892, due one year from date for sum of $250, with interest thereon at ten per cent. per annum from date and attorney's fee of $50, as provided for in mortgage herein named, and to foreclose a certain mortgage, given by said defendant to secure payment of said note, on SW ¼ of SE ¼ and S ½ of SW ¼ of Sec. 9, Tp. 30 N., R. 7 W , Clallam county, Washington.

{SEAL} WITNESS my hand and the seal of said Superior Court, affixed this 7th day of April, A. D. 1893.

A. A. RICHARDSON,
County Clerk and Clerk of the Superior Court.
H. B. WILLSON, Attorney.
Date of first publication, April 7th, 1893.

## SUMMONS.

STATE OF WASHINGTON, CLALLAM COUNTY. } ss.

IN the Superior Court of the state of Washington, for the County, of Clallam, holding terms at Port Angeles.

Isabella Jennings, Plaintiff,
vs.
Alfred C. Jennings, Defendant. } No. 686.

Action brought in the superior court for the county of Clallam holding terms at Port Angeles and complaint filed in the office of the clerk of said court on the 14th day of April, 1893.

**To the Above Named Defendant.**

You are hereby notified that Isabella Jennings plaintiff, has filed a complaint against you in the Superior court of the State of Washington for the county of Clallam, holding terms at Port Angeles, which will come on to be heard sixty days after the first publication of this summons, to wit; sixty days after the 21st day of April, 1893, and unless you appear and answer the same on or before the 22d day of June, 1893, the same will be taken as confessed and the prayer of said complaint granted.

The object and prayer of said complaint is that plaintiff and defendant be forever divorced, that plaintiff be awarded custody of minor child of parties hereto, be restored to her maiden name, Isabella Overlin, and have judgment for her costs and disbursments herein.

M. B. SACHS, Plaintiff Attorney.

## SUMMONS.

STATE OF WASHINGTON, COUNTY OF CLALLAM. } ss

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for the County of Clallam, holding terms at Port Angeles.

Benjamin R. Brierly, Plaintiff,
vs.
Jane Conklin, Emma Jane Bailey, Belle Miller, Louisa Conklin, Thomas Conklin and William G. Conklin, Defendants. } No. 712.

Action brought in the Superior Court for the County of Clallam holding terms at Port Angeles, and complaint filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court on the 24th day of May, 1893.

**To the Above Named Defendant:**

You are hereby notified that Benjamin R. Brierly, Plantiff, has filed acomplaint against you in the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for the County of Clallam, holding terms at Port Angeles, which will come on to be heard sixty days after the first publication of this summons, to-wit: Sixty days after the 2d day of June, 1893, and unless you appear and answer the same on or before the 15th day of August, 1893, the same will be taken as confessed and the prayer of said complaint granted.

This action is brought by the plaintiff as owner in fee of lot one [1], in block fourteen [14], of the original townsite of Port Angeles in Clallam county, State of Washington to quiet the title thereto. Plaintiff claims that Wm. G. Conklin died intestate and without leaving any debts, and that at the time of his death Wm. G. Conklin was the owner of said lot one [1], and left as his only heirs at law the defendants and one Clara Conklin, now deceased. That after the death of said Wm. G. Conklin, to-wit: on the 15th day of January, 1890. the defendants and Clara Conklin, by deed of that date, conveyed said lot to one Silas Goodwin, and that said Silas Goodwin conveyed said lot to plaintiff, and that plaintiff conveyed the same to one M. A. Longfellow, and that said Longfellow has reconveyed the same to plaintiff. That no administration was ever had upon the estate of said Wm. G. Conklin, and that administration thereon was wholly unnecessay. That defendants and each of them claim an interest in said property adverse to plaintiff. That defendants setforth their interest or claim to said lot in this action or be forever barred from asserting any claim thereto, and plaintiff prays judgment for such relief as he may be entitled to in the premises.

{SEAL} Witness my hand and seal of said Superior Court, affixed this second day of June A. D., 1893.

A. A. RICHARDSON,
County Clerk and Clerk of the Superior Court.
Date of first publication June 2, 1893.

### PROBATE NOTICE.

In the Superior Court of the state of Washington for the county of Clallam.

In the matter of the estate of Algernon S. Jones, deceased.

Notice of settlement of final account.

Notice is hereby given that Smith Troy, executor of the last will and testament of Algernon S. Jones, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of the above named Court his final account as executor of said estate, and that Saturday, the first day of July, 1893, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the court room of said court has been appointed as the time and place for the settlement of said final account, at which time and place any person interested in said estate may appear and file his exceptions in writing to said account and contest the same.

Witness the Hon. James G. McClinton, judge of the said Superior Court, and the seal of said Court affixed this 31st day of May, 1893. {SEAL}

A. A. RICHARDSON,
County Clerk and Clerk of said Superior Court.
R.C. WILSON, Attorney for Executor.

### PROBATE NOTICE.

In the Superior court of the State of Washington for the county of Clallam.

In the matter of the estate of Algernon S Jones, deceased } No. 75, Probate.

Order to show cause why an order of distribution should not be made.

Smith Troy, the executor of the last will and testament of Algernon S. Jones, deceased, having filed in this court his petition praying for an order distributing to him, as the sole assignee and grantee of all the devisees and legatees named in the last will and testament of said deceased, all the residue of said estate.

It is ordered that Saturday, the first day of July, 1893 at eleven clock in the fornoon of said day, at the court room of this court, be and the same are appointed as the time and place for the hearing of said petition, and that all persons interested in said estate be and appear at said time and place, then and there to show cause why such order of distribution should not be made.

It is further ordered that a copy of this order be published for four successive weeks in the DEMOCRAT-LEADER, a newspaper printed and published, and of general circulation in said Clallam county.

JAMES G. MCCLINTON, Judge.

Dated May 31, 1893.

State of Washington } ss.
County of Clallam. }

I, A. A. Richardson, county clerk and clerk of the superior court of the State of Washington, for the county of Clallam holding terms at Port Angeles, hereby certify that the above is a true copy of the original Order of said court as the same appears of record in my office.

Witness my hand and the seal of said Superior court, affixed this thirty-first day of May, A. D. 1893. {SEAL}

A. A. RICHARDSON,
County clerk, and clerk of the superior court.
R. C. Wilson, Atty. for Executor.

## Notice of Sheriff's Sale.

G. H. WILCOX, Plaintiff.
vs
JOEL H. ALBRIGHT AND ANNIE A. ALBRIGHT, Defendants.

STATE OF WASHINGTON, COUNTY OF CLALLAM } ss

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Superior Court in and for Clallam County, Washington, dated the 15th day of June, 1893, in a certain action wherein, G. H. Wilcox, plaintiff, in said action recovered judgment against Joel H. Albright and Annie A. Albright, defendants therein for seven hundred dollars, principal, one hundred and eighty-nine dollars, interest, attorneys fees in the sum of fifty dollars, and thirty-six and 55-100 dollars, costs of suit and accruing costs on the 9th day of June, 1893, I have levied upon the following described property, as property of said defendants, to wit; The north half (N½) of the southwest quarter (SW¼) of section number four (4), in township number thirty (30) north of range number eight (8) west, containing eighty (80) acres, more or less, according to the Government survey.

Notice is hereby given that on 15th day of July, A. D., 1893, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day at the north door of the court house, in the County of Clallam, State of Washington, I will sell all the right title and interest of the said Joel H. Albright and Annie A. Albright, defendants, in and to the above described property, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy said judgment, costs and accruing costs.

Dated this 15th day of June, 1893.

S. G. MORSE
Sheriff of Clallam County, Wash.
W. E. BURNSIDE
Deputy.
Lamoreux & Gay attorneys for plaintiff. 24-5t

## Notice Sheriff's Sale.

In the Superior court of Clallam county, State of Washington.

CHAS. L. WILSON, Plaintiff,
vs. No. 205.
R. N. WILSON and E. E. HOPKINS, Defendants.

Under and by virtue of a writ of execution issued out of the above entitled Court under the hand of the Clerk and seal, thereof, dated the 23rd day of June, 1893, upon a certain judgment rendered and entered fn said Court on the 22nd day of May 1893, wherein the said plaintiff Chas. L. Wilson, recovered judgment against the said defendants, R. N. Wilson and E. E. Hopkins, for the sum of $174. and the further sum of 41.90 costs of suit, and to me the under signed as the Sheriff of said County directed and delivered, I have this day levied upon in the manner prescribed by law, all of the following described real estate situate in said Clallam county, as the property of said defendant, E. E Hopkins, to-wit: The east half of the north east quarter, and the east half of the south east quarter, of section twenty-two, in township thirty, north of range eight, west of Willamette meridian.

Now, THEREFORE, Notice is hereby given, that on Saturday, the 22d day of July, 1893, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the North Front door of the Court House in the City of Port Angeles in said Clallam County, I will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, all of the above described real estate or so much thereof as may be necessary, to satisfy said writ of execution and accruing costs.

Dated at Port Angeles, this 23rd day of June 1893.

S. G. MORSE,
Sheriff of Clallam County.
By W. E. BURNSIDE,
Deputy Sheriff.
BENTON EMBREE, Attorney for Plaintiff.
Date of First Publication June 23rd, 1893,

## Sheriff's Sale.

AUGUST LARSON, Plaintiff,
vs. No. 652.
BENJAMIN H. BURGESS, Defendant,

STATE OF WASHINGTON, COUNTY OF CLALLAM } ss.

By virtue of an order of sale issued out of the Superior Court in and for Clallam County, Washington dated the 12th day of June, 1893, in a certain action wherein August Larson, Plaintiff in said action, recovered judgment against Benjamin H. Burgess, Defendant therein, for eleven-hundred forty-six and 20-100 ($1146.20) dollars, and thirty three and 60-100 ($33.60) dollars, costs of suit, and accruing costs, on the 6th day of May, 1893, I have levied upon the following described property of said defendant, to wit: The east half (E½) of the southeast quarter (SE¼) of section six (6) township thirty (30) north of range eight (8) west Willamette Meridian Clallam County, State of Washington.

Notice is hereby given that on Monday the 17th day of July, A. D , 1893, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the fore-noon of said day, at the north front door of the Court House in the City of Port Angeles in said Clallam County, I will sell all of the right, title and interest of the said Benjamin H. Burgess defendant, in and to the above described property, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy said judgment, costs and accruing costs.

Dated the 13th day of June, 1893.

S. G. MORSE,
24-5t Sheriff of Clallam County, Wash.


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ATTORNEY AT LAW.

PORT ANGELES, WASH.

## G. K. ESTES.

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

PORT ANGELES, WASH.

## BENTON EMBREE.

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

PORT ANGELES, WASH.

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## A. A. SMITH & W. W. DEDMAN

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* * * * *

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$8 PER ACRE WILL BUY SIXTY ACRES of good land in section 35, Tp. 30 N, R 5.

$10 PER ACRE WILL BUY FORTY acres in section 15, Tp. 30 N, R 7 W.

$15 PER ACRE WILL BUY A FORTY acre tract in section 33, Tp. 31 N, R 7 W. Ten acres cleared, with a good house.

$20 PER ACRE WILL BUY FORTY aces in section 21, Tp. 30 N, R 5 W.

$30 PER ACRE WILL BUY A FORTY acre tract in same section as above.

$50 PER ACRE. TWENTY ACRES IN north half of section 26, Tp. 30 N, R 6.

$20 TO $100 WILL BUY GOOD ADDITION lots according to size and location.

$250 WILL BUY A 25-FOOT CORNER lot with small house, at Second and Vine streets.

$500 A 50-FOOT LOT WITH GOOD house, fence, etc., in Block 37, N. R Smith's Sub., Georgiana and Francis streets.

$500 A 50-FOOT LOT IN BLOCK Original Townsite, Third street, between Valley and Cherry.

$600 TO $1200. BUSINESS LOTS ON Front, First and Second streets, according to location.

$1500 FIVE LOTS IN BLK. 75 ORIGINAL townsite. Third, between Cedar and Tumwater.

WE HAVE A BLOCK OF 100 LOTS IN A good addition which will be sold at a great sacrifice for cash.

A LOT ON LAKE UNION, SEATTLE. TO trade for a few acres near Angeles.

A GOOD RESIDENCE FOR RENT CORNER second and Cherry Streets.

A LONG LIST OF BARGAINS NOT ENUMerated above. Call or write and inquire about them.

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PORT ANGELES, WASH

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The Democrat-Leader.

FRIDAY, JULY 28, 1893.

## LOCAL PARAGRAPHS.

The ladies of St. Andrew's Episcopal guild will give a musical entertainment in the near future.

The dog show Tuesdey evening was a very interesting exhibition. The street parade in the afternoon.

An outing party comprising Mr. and Mrs. Foster, Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Clark and Miss Ruth Tayler, returned home yesterday.

The Congregational pulpit will be occupied Sunday morning and evening by Rev. A. Judson Bailey, the State Superintendent of Home Missions.

LOST—Between Angeles and Dungeness, on county road, one black boa (lady's neck dress.) Finder please return to THE DEMOCRAT-LEADER office and get reward.

A service will be held by the Rev. E. Davis on Sunday next at 11 a. m. in the Episcopal church, corner of Ninth and Cdase. Sunday school after morning service. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

Messrs. Jno. Clarkson and Jno. Bell, prominent capitalists of Marcuse, Iowa, were in the city this week. Mr. Clarkson is a considerable property owner in Clallam, and is looking after his interests. Mr. Bell is here carefully looking over the field with a view to locate and make investments.

### EXHIBITION OF TRAINED ANIMALS.

**Novel and Wonderful Feats Performed by Dogs.**

Last Tuesday evening Samwell's Trained Animal Show, gave a novel exhibition at the opera house.

The tricks and feats performed by the animals were simply wonderful, evidencing a degree of intelligence of high order.

The collection included Shetland ponies, dogs, monkeys and Rocky Mountain goats, each of which excelled in some particular trick.

Doubtless the most strikingly interesting feature of the entertainment was the exhibition by a number of cockatoos. The aptitude shown by these birds in the performance of a succession of tricks and feats, was very remarkable, indeed.

An exceedingly amusing exhibition was the imitation of the riding of a bucking broncho, by Broncho Bill, the monkey rider. The skill and clever antics of the little prince of imitators, was one of the most mirth provoking tricks of the evening.

The performance of the trained dogs was equally as clever, and in many parts evidencing greater intelligence than the other members of this remarkable collection.

The excellence of the exhibition merited a much larger attendance than it was occorded.

### THE FERRIER RECEPTION.

**Tendered by the Ladies of the First Congregational Church.**

Last Friday evening the ladies of the First Congregatisnal church tendered the Rev. and Mrs. W. W. Ferrier a farewell reception at the church.

A brief program was produced in a very acceptable and creditable manner. The following well known ladies and gentlemen participated in the program: Mrs. Chas. E. Mallette and Bell Shearer, dialogue; vocal duet, Mrs. Judge Carusi and Mrs. Beardsley; Mr. B. F. Keller, solo; Mrs. S. A. Johnson, recitation; Mr. Bickford, solo; Miss Bell Shearer, recitation.

Following the production of the program a delicious luncheon was served, after which several hours were most pleasantly spent with animated conversation and singing.

The departure of Mr. and Mrs. Ferrier from Port Angeles is regetted by a large circle of friends, whose well-wishes follow them to their new home, and sincerely hope that in the near future they may find it to their advantage to return.

**Lost.**

On Saturday afternoon, on Front street the web and rubber portion of physician's STETHOSCOPE. The finder will be rewarded on returning it to the office of THE DEMOCRAT-LEADER.

The best assortment of perfumery at the Hall Drug Company in the city.

The Fisher Pharmacy stands at the head for purity, uniformity and superiority of quality. J. C. Harsen proprietor.

# THE CITY'S HIGHWAYS

## Will be Opened, Graded and Extended.

## WILL ADVERTISE FOR BIDS FOR

**The Electric Lighting Bonds—The Proposition of Mr. Lambert to Construct the Electric Lighting Plant —A Vault for the Safe Keeping of the City's Records and Documents.**

The council met last Wednesday evening with the mayor present and Councilmen Kruegar, Metcalfe, Reid, Rose, Beam, Carver and Ristine present.

The matter of changing railroad avenue to Victor avenue was referred to a special committee.

The grading and opening of some of the city's principal thoroughfares was taken under consideration. It was finally decided that the council go into a committee of the whole to-morrow (Saturday) evening, to deliberate over the matter and decide what street shall be made into an assessment district.

The late legislature passed an act creating assessment districts and bonding the same for a period of ten years, issuing coupon bonds drawing nine per cent interest, for the improvement of public highways in such district. It is, under this act that the council will improve either Second or Fourth streets.

The following communication was read by the clerk from Lambert:

PORT ANGELES, Wash.
July 25, 1894.

*To the Honorable Mayor and City Council of Port Angeles.*

GENTLEMEN:—I hereby beg to present to your honorable body, a proposition to build, furnish and equip your electric light and power plant, and owing to the lateness of the season and the necessity of immediate action, on account of the nature of the ground to be worked on, also the difficulty of getting material on ground in winter and the very indefinite nature of the plans on file, I have taken the liberty of compiling a new set of plans and specifications in detail, thereby affording absolute protection to yourselves as to manner of construction, amount of work, and a description of each and every kind. Should I have omitted any detail, you are at liberty to supply it.

These plans and specifications are based on your general plans. I will do the work according to these plans and specifications, for the sum of thirty-five thousand dollars, and will take your bonds at par in payment for the same, and furnish you good and sufficient bonds for the faithful performance of the work. Will also agree to hire all labor from Port Angeles or Clallam county, unless necessary to hire some expert labor for a special purpose. Also to procure all material obtainable for the work from Port Angeles. I will start the work at once on signing contract, and complete the same at a time to be agreed upon, and ask ten days to arrange contract, furnish bonds, etc.

Should this proposition be accepted, then these plans and specifications shall become the property of the city of Port Angeles, otherwise to belong to and remain the property of proposer. Hoping this may meet your approval

I am very respectfully
W. H. LAMBERT.

Mr. Lambert informed the council that when they were ready to consider his bid, he would furnish plans and specifications for their guidance and information.

It was moved that the clerk publish bids for bonds in the leading journals of the principal Pacific Coast cities.

A motion prevailed that the clerk be instructed to advertise for sealed proposals for the construction of the dams, pipe line, power house, etc., for the proposed electric lighting plant of the city.

The matter of building a vault in the clerk's office in new city hall, was referred to a special committee.

The council adjourned to meet Saturday evening.

**A Christian People.**

Cincinnati Commercial-Gazette: The pity of it! England donated $150,000 to the fund for the succor of the widows and orphans made by the sinking of the Victoria and $1,800,000 for wedding presents for Princess May.

**Worse Than the Bastile.**

Washington Star: It is when a woman gets caught in a shower with a new hat on that you may realize what a rain of error is.

Remember that you can always get pure fresh Jersey butter at Harvey's.

If you want the very best of everything, go to Fisher's Pharmacy

J. C. Hansen has a complete stock of Homeœpathic medicines.

DR. PRICE'S
Cream Baking Powder.
The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

# PRESENT ECONOMIC PROBLEMS.

No. 3.

As has been mentioned before, the currency of the country is its life blood. It must be circulated. Then it must have adequate supply for the country. An undue accumulation in the hands of a few is a congestion of this life force, and a resultant stagnation in business, low prices and bankrupt business men. With an adequate circulating medium, and with it in circulation, would be realized a result more desired than all else, viz: a reasonable permanency of values. Speculation has not brought to the verge of bankruptcy one hundredth or one thousandth of the number that shrinkage in prices has produced.

Take the farmer as an example, and it will apply to all other products of wealth as well. He has a right to go into debt in improving his farm, in investing in stock to consume his produce. It is legitimate business. It is not speculation. He counts the cost and in his calculation figures that he can with good care and cultivation produce a certain amount of farm produce, that he can feed a certain number of head of stock, and by his labor turn the whole of it into wealth. He figures at a given price, and allows for the usual movements of the markets up and down, as effected by drought or more than an average crop. He estimates reasonably, by all things affected by natural laws. He counts his interest so much and his taxes so much. He sees a fair profit over and above the various items of expense, and upon such reasonable calculation he borrows his $1,000 or $1,500. But as time goes on he finds that there is an item upon which he did not figure, viz: the cupidity of his fellow man. His debts, his interest, his taxes remain constant; they do not diminish in the same proportion as the prices of his commodities diminish. With the shrinkage of his farm produce, comes a corresponding shrinkage in the estimated value of his farm. When formerly it was well worth btt $3,000, and was so appraised, it is now worth $1,500 or $2,000.

Instead of $1.00 a bushel for wheat, 35 cents for corn, and 40 cents for his oats, he can get but 50 cents for his wheat, 15 cents for his corn, and 20 cents for his oats. His fat cattle no longer bring him 6 cents per pound. If he gets 3 cents he is regarded as being in extra luck. Instead of seeing a profit upon his investment he has all that he can do to meet his interest and taxes, and must cramp himself and family of the comforts of life to meet this constant drain. At the maturity of his loan if he seeks to renew he is met by the statement that his loan is too large, that his former appraisement was too high, that they cannot loan as much as before. Discouragement follows, and a proud, self respecting, reliant citizen has been turned into a misanthope.

Because he cannot pay his debt by reasons beyond his control he is called dishonest, a scoundrel, a thief. Henceforth his life is a burden, and he looks forward to relief from it as the only solution of his sorrows. Such is not an exaggerated statement of thousands and millions of wealth producers. Had there been a reasonable fixedness in values he would have paid off his loan, added to the wealth of the country, and felt and had reason to feel that this was the best country on earth—when every citizen had an equal chance.

But we are met with the statement that goods, clothing, boots, shoes, etc., were never so low, and that while the wage-worker don't get so many dollars in number, he don't have to spend so many to make himself comfortable. Granted, but if liabilities contracted upon one basis, and absorbing all the earnings upon another and lower basis, what matters it to the wage-worker whether they are low or not? If a man has nothing left with which to buy provisions and clothing, whether provisions and clothing are lower that ever before? If he could be given an equal start, and depend upon some sort of stability of prices, it will make no difference whether prices are low or high. It is as easy to count in the one as the other, but it is this indebtedness contracted upon one basis, and then a falling of everything but debts and taxes, throws the entire country out of joint; that brings to the verge of bankruptcy many an honest, hard toiler who is legitimately conducting his business.

At the close of the war in 1865 there was somewhere from $50 to $60 per capita in existence and circulation in this country. The volume of our business has quadrupled, our population has multiplied, and yet there is in existence but about $23 per capita and in actual circulation of but from $5 to $10. That is, while our country has increased in size and numbers, we have been drawn down the life-blood to a starvation point, and congested nearly one-half of it in particular places where it is doing no good, and clogging the active working of the rest of the system. While we have needed more money to do the legitimate business of the country we have been furnishing less.

A man with an indebtedness contracted when double the amount was in circulation than at the present time, in reality has had his indebtedness doubled It practically takes as much wheat, corn, oats, cattle, hay, hogs and days labor to raise the required number of dollars, as would have been required to meet the obligation had the circulation of our money remained constant.

The reason why the oppression has not been felt sooner and awakened the people to the constantly titening fetters, was that so many of our wealth producers have belonged to the creditor and debtor classes, but with the constantly stantly contracting circulation the lines have been drawn closer and closer. The little accumulations have been exhausted, the small creditors have become debtors, and now comparatively few in number possess the money, and we witness a struggling majority, struggling for a MODICUM of the very wealth that they have produced, and a very small minority doling out its accumulatied wealth at such rates of interest as suit their convenience or capaice.

G. K. ESTES.

*(To be Continued.)*

### A. O. U. W. RECEPTION.

**The Members the Recipients of an Agreeable Surprise.**

The members of the Ancient Order of United Workmen, were the recipients of a most agreeable and what proved to be an enjoyable surprise last Friday evening, by their lady friends.

This is doubtless one of the largest and most prosperous secret societies in the city, having only been organized a little over six months, numbering already over seventy — a remarkable growth, indeed.

One of the most desirable, in fact valuable features of the organization is its beneficiary clause, which provides that $2000 shall be paid the legal heirs at the death of a member. This is even better than life insurance as it is safely within the reach of any poor man—the monthly dues being light, consequently easily borne.

Quite an hundred members and visitors comprised the surpries party. The exercises consisted of short addresses, music and singing, concluding with an excellent luncheon served by the lady visitors, and it is almost needless to add keenly relished by the members.

### THE RACES AT SEQUIM.

**Were a Dismal Failure—The Judges Could Not Agree.**

The large delegation of citizens who attended the horse races at Sequim in blissful anticipation of a day of uninterrupted pleasure were doomed to bitter disappointment, as the races proved to be a failure, terminating in a disgraceful quarrel.

There were two races, one heat in each of which was run. The rule governing each was the best two in three. But the judges could not agree. The money is yet in the hands of the stakeholders, and, who, if they yielded to either of the contending parties, would naturally wound the feelings of the other, earning of course, as a natural consequence, their eternal enmity—rather an unenviable position in which to be placed.

In future it should be definitely settled what rule shall govern the race, and also that the decision of the judges is final. Any one who has a wager on a race, does not relish the uncertainty resting on a decision, that is not the logical and unprejudiced conclusion of the men chosen to judge of the results of the race. The sooner the management of the Sequim race course adopts rigid rules governing the races, the better and more satisfactory it will be for all interests involved.

**Real Estate Transfers.**

The following is a list of the transfers for the week ending July 26th, as furnished by the Clallam County Abstract and Trust Company:

| | |
|---|---|
| Joseph J Kirschberg to John Alexander, urban lots 3 and 4. blk 75, in the city of Port Angeles | $ 675 |
| Susan F Willis, et al, to W M Wolverton, W ½ of N W ¼ and N W ¼ of S W ¼, sec. 14, and S ½ of N E ¼ and N ½ of S E ¼ sec 15, twp 30, R 4 | 3,500 |
| Richard Eacrett, Sr. to Mary Eacrett, lots 1, 2, 3, blk 21, N R Smith's subdivion Pt Angeles and urban lots 1, 2, blk 87, original Government townsite | 2000 |
| Jas C Bennett and wife to Wm Murray, fractional blks 7, 8, 9, in Bennett's add. and lots 5 to 33 inclusive in Findley's add. to Port Crescent | 3,370 |
| Campbell & Cain to Edward Cahalin, S ½ of S W ¼ of N E ¼, 32, 30, 6 | 300 |
| Minnie Waechter and husband, to Henry Waechter, lots 19 anp 20, blk 58, P S C C subd of surb lot 23 | 450 |
| Joel H Albright rnd wife to Geo H Wilcox N ½ of S W ¼ sec 4, Tp 30, R 8 | 1,500 |
| A H Morgan and wife to Henry E Middleton, lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, blk 4, lot 12, blk 8, and lots 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, blk 27, Brookline add | 240 |
| Nellie L Meagher and husband to Lewis Levy, urban lot 10, blk 30, N R Smith's subdivision of the townsite of Port Angeles | 1,500 |
| Lewis Levy and wife to Nellie L Meagher lot 9, blk 37, original Government townsite of Port Angeles | 1,000 |
| John Stevens to O H Babcock, N W ¼ of S E ¼, 25, 30, 6 | 500 |

### NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration with the bill annexed upon the Estate of Rufus K. Reynolds, have been granted to the undersigned by the Superior Court of the State of Washington in and for Clallam County.

All persons having Claims against said deceased are required to present them to me within one year from the date of this notice at the store of the Farmers' Mercantile Company at Dungeness in said Clallam county, that being the place for the transaction of the business of said company.

Dated July 21st, 1893.

WILLIAM L. CHURCH,
Administrator cum testamento of the estate of Rufus K. Reynolds, deceased.
R. C. WILSON, Attorney for Administrator.
Date first publication, July 21, 1893.

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| Boy's Knee Pants | .25 |
| Boy's Shirt Waists | .25 |
| Boy's Sailor Caps | .25 |
| Windsor Ties, each | .10 |
| Men's White Vest Shirts | .75 |
| Underwear, formerly 75c, now | .25 |
| Black Socks, formerly 25c, now two pair for | .25 |
| Two Silk Scarfs or two Four-in-Hand Ties for | .25 |
| Shoes sold heretofore $2, $2.50, $3, and $3.25, now take your choice for | $1.75 |
| Boy's Suits, sold heretofore at $2 and $2.50, now | 1.25 |
| Men's Suits, sold heretofore at $6, now | 3.00 |
| Men's Suits, sold heretofore at $9, now | 5.00 |
| Men's Suits, formerly $10, $12 and $12.75, now | 6.75 |

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Port Angeles, Wash.

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Lieutenant Governor - - - J. H. Luce
Secretary of State - - - James Price
Treasurer - - - - - - O. A. Bowen
Auditor - - - - - - - L. R. Grimes
Attorney General - - - - W. C. Jones
Supt. of Public Instruction - C. W. Bean
Commissioner of Public Lands - W. T. Forrest
Congressmen - John L. Wilson; W. H. Doolittle
State Senator - - - - F. W. Hastings
Judges Supreme Court { R. O. Dunbar, T. C. Stiles, J. P. Hoyt, T. J. Anders, E. Scott.
Land Office—Seattle Dist. { T. M. Reed Jr., Register. G. G. Lyons, Receiver.

## COUNTY OFFICERS.

Representative - - - - - W. R. Hoole
Superior Judge - - - - - J. G. McClinton
Auditor - - - - - - - John W. Troy
Clerk - - - - - - A. A. Richardson
Sheriff - - - - - - - S. G. Morse
Treasurer - - - - - - M. J. Clump
Attorney - - - - - - D. W. Bryan
Assessor - - - - - - Geo. H. White
Surveyor - - - - - - E. A. FitzHenry
Coroner - - - - - W. W. McGeorge
County Commissioners { Jno. B. Knapman, A. O'Brien, George Lamb
Justice of the Peace Port Angeles Pre. { W. E. Bunside, S. P. Carusi
Constables Port Angeles Precinct { A. H. Nottage, Ben Chambers

## CITY OFFICERS.

COUNCILMEN:

E. Metcalfe, J. Ristine.
J. E. Krueger, Tom Moore
John Rose, J. E. Beam
H. D. Carver

Mayor - - - - - N. R. Smith
Clerk - - - - - - C. K. Humphries
Treasurer - - - - - E. E. Seevers
Marshal - - - - - H. J. McGregor
Attorney - - - - - Geo. C. Hatch
Engineer - - - - - E. A. FitzHenry
Police Judge - - - - A. H. Howells
Street Commissioner - Harry Williams

## LODGES.

ORDER OF THE EASTERN STAR—Meets the second and fourth Saturdays of each month, at Masonic Hall. All members of the order invited to attend.
PARMELIA ARMBRUST, Acting Worthy Matron
MRS. WALLACE MYNATT, Secretary

A. F. & A. M.—Port Angeles Lodge, meets every second amd fourth Tuesday of each month in Masonic Hall, Colony building.
W. BRUMFIELD, W. M.
WALLACE MYNATT, Secretary.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS—Gate City Lodge, No. 65, meets every Wednesday evening at Masonic Hall. Visiting Knights are cordially invited to attend.
L. R. COLE, C. C.
J. D. STAGE, K. of R. and S.

G. A. R.—Pacific Post No. 48, meets every first and third Friday of each month, at Masonic Hall at 7:30 P. M. All comrades in good standing cordially invited.
H. M. GUPTILL, Commander.
C. B. BLAKE, Adjutant.

PACIFIC WOMAN'S RELIEF CORPS—No. 21, auxilliary to the G. A. R., meets every first and third Saturday of each month at Masonic Hall, at 2:30 P. M.
MRS. S. LAND, President.
MISS SARAH CHAMBERS, Secretary.

GEN. JOHN W. NOBLE Camp, No. 28, S. of V. meets every Thursday at 8 o'clock, p. m., at the Masonic Hall. All S of V in good standing are cordially invited.
C. W. BROTHERS, Capt.
E. W. STEWART, F. S.

FUCA ENCAMPMENT, No. 19, I. O. O. F.—Of Port Angeles, Wash., meets on the 1st and 2nd Sat. evening of each month at 7:30 P. M., in I. O. O. F. Hall over Postoffice. All visiting brothers are urged to attend our meetings.
D. R. CALLEN., C. P.
J. D. YARNELL, H. P.
A. N. TAYLOR, Scribe.

I. O. O. F.—Home Lodge No. 82, meets every Monday evening at 7:30 P. M. at I. O. O. F. Hall over Postoffice.
JOHN COOLIDGE, N. G.
W. W. MALTBY, Cor. Secretary.

I. O. O. F.—Clallam Lodge, No. 72, meets every Thursday evening at their Hall over the Post-office at 7:30.
C. S. STAKEMILLER. N. G.
F. VAN LEHN Secretary.

I. O. R. M.—Clallam Tribe, No. 4, meets every Monday evening at 7:30 P. M. in Masonic Hall. Visiting Redmen are invited to attend.
WALTER DYKE, S.
S. P. CARUSI, C. of R.

I. O. G. T.—Angeles Lodge No. 27, meets every Friday evening at 7:30, at McDonald's Hall
D. G. MUNROE, C. T.
ROY MCCLINTON, Secretary.

KNIGHTS OF LABOR—Port Angeles Lodge Local Assembly No. 2696, meets every Tuesday at 7:30 P. M., at McDonald's Hall.
E. E. SEEVERS, W. M.
E. BURNS, Secretary.

CARPENTERS' UNION No. 260—Meets every Tuesday at 7:30 P. M., at L. Henderson's, Second and Pine streets.
L. HENDERSON, President.
D. R. CALLIN, R. S.

CALEDONIAN CLUB—Meets every Wednesday evening at 7:30, at McInnis & Campbell's office, over First National Bank.
WM. RITCHIE, Chieftan.
D. CAMPBELL, Secretary.

PORT ANGELES (GERMAN) LODGE No. 3, O. d. H. S. meets every Thursday at 7:30 p. m., in their own Hall, corner Peabody and Eighth Streets.
H. GENCK, Pres.
GEO. WUNDERLICH, Sec.

PORT ANGELES SQUATTER'S ASSOCIATION—Meets every Tuesday night at Squatter's Hall, corner Lincoln and Fifth streets.
E. A. LASLEY, C. S.
D. O'BRIEN, Secretary.

A. O. U. W. Port Angeles Lodge No. 59 meets every Friday evening at I. O. O. F. hall, over Post Office.
D. W. BRYAN, M. W.
A. R. PRINGLE, Recorder.

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| Arrives | PORT ANGELES | 2:00 P. M |

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| | | |
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| Leaves | PORT ANGELES | 3:30 P. M |
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| " | PORT TOWNSEND | 7:00 P. M |
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Instead of flying to the door gasping for breath, seeming as if each one would be your last, you have only to take **a few doses Asthmalene** when the spasm is broken, the breathing becomes easy and you feel as if an angel of mercy had unloosed the iron grasp of the fingers of death. The happiest moment of your life will be when you have used **a few bottles of Dr. Taft's ASTHMALENE** and it has cured you of Asthma. *We mail to any Asthma sufferer a trial bottle* Sold by druggists. **Dr. Taft Bros. M. Co., Rochester, N.Y**

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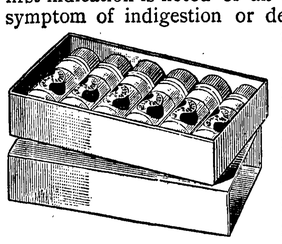
# R·I·P·A·N·S TABULES

**act gently** but promptly upon the kidneys, liver, stomach and intestines; cleanse the system effectually; dispel colds, headaches and fevers; cure habitual constipation, making enemas unnecessary. Are acceptable to the stomach and truly beneficial in effects. A single TABULE taken after the evening meal, or just before retiring, or, better still, at the moment when the first indication is noted of an approaching cold, headache, any symptom of indigestion or depression of spirits, will remove the whole difficulty in an hour without the patient being conscious of any other than a slightly warming effect, and that the expected illness failed to materialize or has disappeared.



Disease commonly comes on with slight symptoms, which when neglected increase in extent and gradually grow dangerous.

**If you suffer from Headache, Dyspepsia or Indigestion,** . . . . . TAKE RIPANS TABULES
**If you are Bilious, Constipated, or have a Disordered Liver,** . . . . . TAKE RIPANS TABULES
**If your Complexion is Sallow, or you suffer Distress after Eating,** . . TAKE RIPANS TABULES
**For Offensive Breath and all Disorders of the Stomach,** . . . . . TAKE RIPANS TABULES

*Ripans Tabules Regulate the System and Preserve the Health.*

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EASY TO TAKE, QUICK TO ACT.
SAVE MANY A DOCTOR'S BILL.
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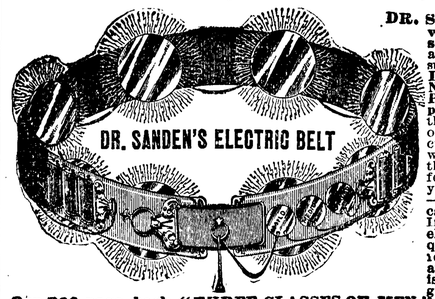
# HAVE YOU TRIED DRUGS AND FAILED

TO FIND A CURE FOR

**RHEUMATISM, LUMBAGO, SCIATICA, KIDNEY, LIVER and BLADDER COMPLAINTS, DYSPEPSIA, LAME-BACK, &c.**




**DR. SANDEN'S ELECTRIC BELT with Electro Magnetic Suspensory** will cure **without medicine** all of the above troubles. Those who suffer from **Nervous Debility, Losses, Drains, Lost Manhood, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Poor Memory, all Female Complaints,** and **general ill health,** the effects of abuses, excesses, worry or exposure, will find relief and prompt cure in our marvelous invention, which requires but a trial to convince the most skeptical. In ignorance of effects you may have unduly drained your system of nerve force and vitality —which is electricity—and thus caused your weakness or lack of force. If you replace into your system the elements thus drained, which are required for vigorous strength, you will remove the cause and health, strength and vigor will follow at once. This is our plan and treatment, and we guarantee a cure or refund money.

**Our 200 page book "THREE CLASSES OF MEN,"** should be read by every **young, middle-aged** and **old man,** sent sealed, free. **Dr. Sanden's Electric Belt** is no experiment as we have restored thousands to robust health and vigor, after all other treatments failed, as can be shown by hundreds of cases throughout this and other States, who would gladly testify, and from many of whom we have strong letters bearing testimony to their recovery after using our **Belt.**

**WE HAVE CURED THESE—WE CAN CURE YOU!**

**CENERAL DEBILITY CURED.**

San Francisco, Cal., August 14, 1892.
Dr. A. T. Sanden, Dear Sir:—Before I used your belt I was troubled with lost vigor, vital weakness, and almost a complete loss of power. I would get up with a very tired feeling, bones aching, etc.; since using your belt I have had a new lease of life. I now enjoy life better than I have for ten years past. I have the utmost confidence in your treatment. You can publish this statement, also have others write or call on me. Truly yours, H. A. BOWEN, 25 and 28 Turk St.

**RHEUMATISM AND LAMENESS CURED.**

Portland, Oregon, April 18 1892.
Dr. A. T. Sanden, Dear Sir:—I got one of your belts two weeks ago for rheumatism, from which I suffered for several years. For the past six months I had not been able to work. Your belt has placed me in almost perfect health in the two weeks I have used it. I can walk comfortably, and feel like a new man generally.
M. E. HUGHES, Proprietor International Hotel.

**NERVOUS DEBILITY—LOSS OF VIGOR.**

Tacoma, Wash., October 24, 1892.
Dr. A. T. Sanden, Dear Sir:—I have been using your Electric belt for general nervous debility, and to-day feel better than I have for five years. I have gained in vigor daily, and am strong in every part.
Yours gratefully, CHAS. LUETKA.

**LAME BACK AND RHEUMATISM.**

Portland Oregon, September 26, 1892.
Dr. A. T. Sanden, Dear Sir:—Years of exposure and hard work, combined with the strain coming from the jar of an engine, gave me a severe case of lame back, from which I suffered for seven years. I was so bad that I could not bend my back. Was all doubled up with it. I bought one of your belts. It helped me inside of two days, and I continued to wear it for four months, being perfectly cured. That was two years ago, and I am as well to-day as I ever was in my life. I know your belt well, and I know lots of people who have been cured by it. Many others need it, and if they would try it they would find it the same as I did —the best remedy in the world. I am located here permanently, and will be glad to talk with anyone who wants to inquire about it.
ROBERT BURREL, Engineer Hotel Portland.

**LOST VITALITY AND STRENGTH.**

Everett, Wash, June 18, 1892.
Dr. A. T. Sanden, Dear Sir:—Since wearing your belt I have been greatly benefited. I feel my old energy fast returning; and after a month's use of the belt I find myself twice as vigorous as before. My memory is now nearly perfect, and each day shows for the better. I feel much stronger than before using the belt. Yours truly, HENRY SCHULTZ.

**THE DR. SANDEN ELECTRIC BELT**

**is a complete galvanic battery,** made into a belt so as to be easily worn during work or **street, and it gives soothing,** prolonged currents which are instantly felt throughout all weak parts, or we forfeit **$5,000.** It has an **Improved Electric Suspensory,** the greatest boon ever given weak men, and we warrant it to cure any of the above weaknesses, and to enlarge shrunken limbs, or parts, or **Money Refunded.** They are graded in strength to meet all stages of weakness in young, middle-aged or old men, and will cure the worst cases in two or three months. Address for full information.

**SANDEN ELECTRIC CO.: 172 First St., PORTLAND, OREGON.**

## MOJAVE FUNERAL RITES.

**Grief and Appetite Go Hand In Hand at These Ceremonies.**

On the banks of the lower Colorado, among the gravel mesas and mesquite covered valleys, live the Mohave Indians, having their commercial headquarters at The Needles, Cal., famed as the hottest place in the United States excepting Death valley, and their seat of learning, supported by the government at Fort Mohave, A. T. In western Arizona, where snow and ice are unknown, clothing is useless except for ornament, and the mesquite tree bears all the food needed to sustain life, we find the Mohave Indians to resemble in appearance and habits the negroes of central Africa except in the particulars of curly hair and thick lips, having the same scorn for the restraints of clothing, and the same passionate fondness for brilliant plumage and gaudy cosmetics. Peculiar are the customs of these benighted people, but there is none more unique than the ceremony connected with their disposal of their dead.

An Indian woman died at noon, and we attended the funeral, four of us. The Mohaves practice cremation, and the cremating commences as soon as the breath is out of the body, as witness the fact that the woman died at noon and was on the funeral pile at 15 minutes past. Indeed it is said that the mourners are sometimes startled at seeing the dead come to life again when the fire begins to grow fervent. Not many hicos, as the white people are called, are accorded the privilege of attending these ceremonies, but as we stand well with one of the wise men of the tribe we were invited to be present. As soon as we could swallow our dinners we started for the place and were guided there by the wailings of the friends of the departed, consisting of every man, woman and child present at the festivities. You can see the reasonableness of my calling it by such a name when you are told that the affair concludes by the killing and eating of all the horses of the departed, and every one goes to his own hut feeling that he has enjoyed himself greatly.

The Mohaves believe in demonstrating their feelings through the agency of the mouth and limbs, and this woman being much beloved the mourners were many, and their grief could be heard a mile away. If ever you have heard a pack of coyotes howling forth their misery in the middle of the night, when they howl most artistically, you have this noise to a dot.

Arriving at that place we found a hole dug in the ground about 10 feet in diameter and 2 feet deep, heaped full of wood and surmounted by the body of the deceased. This was burning, and around it in picturesque attitudes were all the friends trying to outdo each other in exclamations of grief. The head doctor, for the Mohaves have physicians, stood by the side of the genius who stirred the fire, giving directions for the most rapid destruction of the body, which he had, no doubt, with great skill assisted in becoming a corpse. He thus carried his functions a step further than the physicians in civilized life.

One old fellow, who seemed to be the minister, was standing within the circle haranguing the assembly doubtless on the many virtues of the departed, and when he seemed to make an unusually good point the mourners manifested their appreciation by an increase in the force of their groans.

Finally the relatives and friends ate the horses that were the property of the deceased and went home firmly believing that the dead woman's spirit is roaming untroubled in "Ghost mountain," just across the river.—San Francisco Chronicle.

**The Women Du Maurier Draws.**

We should feel as if Du Maurier had been fickle and faithless if he were suddenly to cease to offer us the tall, tranquil persons he understands so well. They have an inestimable look of repose, a kind of Greek serenity. There is a figure in a cut of which we have forgotten the "point" and the date (we mention it at hazard—it was one in a hundred) which only needed to be modeled in clay to be a truly "important" creation. A couple of children address themselves to a youthful aunt, who leans her hand upon a toilet table, presenting her back, clothed in a loose gown, not gathered in at the waist, to the spectator. Her charming pose, the way her head slowly turns, the beautiful folds of her robe, make her look more like a statuette in a museum than like a figure in Punch. We have forgotten what the children are saying, but we remember her charming attitude, which is a capital example of the love of beauty for beauty's sake. It is the same bias as the characteristic of the poet.—Henry James.

**Are Spats Fashionable?**

There is one point on which considerable doubt exists in various quarters. Are spats fashionable? is the query in which this doubt is sometimes expressed. The fact that some well dressed men persevere in wearing them does not exactly answer the question in the affirmative, for there are old army men and others who will continue all their lives to wear the same sort of things they wore some 10 or 15 years since. That spats since then have descended in the social scale may be otherwise conceded.—London News.

**A Model Husband.**

"I defy you to find a man who loves his wife as dearly as I love mine. To render her happy I would undertake to go and live alone at the top of a mountain."

"But you would never come up to Puntolini's uncle, who, when he ascertained that his wife looked best in mourning, went and committed suicide."—Corriere della Sera.

**Love as a Disease.**

May—Why is it that people really know so little about love?

Frank—Because it is a disease that leaves its victims in such a pitiful condition of imbecility that they are wholly incapable of rationally describing their symptoms.—New York Herald.

## A $1,500 COTTAGE.

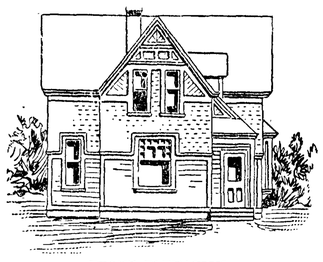
**It Is Attractive and Convenient, with Seven Rooms and Attic.**

[Copyright, 1892, by American Press Association.]

Accompanying this article are perspective and floor plans of a 1¼ story suburban cottage.

The design is an excellent example of the possibilities developed by the prevailing demand for cheap and at the same time convenient and attractive cottages. The building can be erected and fully finished complete at a total cost of $1,500, and the accommodations will be found to compare favorably with many houses of a much greater cost.

The cost of a house greatly depends on the interior finish, so that mere size or con-

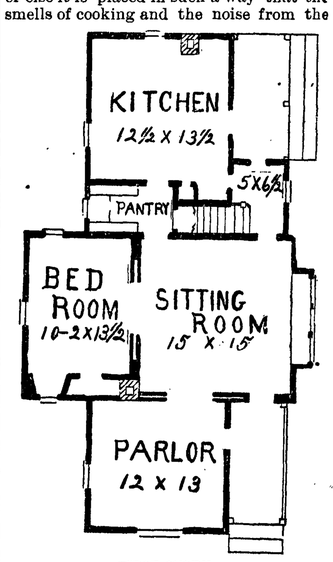


FRONT ELEVATION.

tents of a certain number of rooms does not indicate all as to cost. For instance, the house shown, though the cost as designed is $1,500, might probably be built for $1,400 if a simple finish were adopted, and twice that sum could be spent without difficulty if more elaborate details of interior finish and decoration were used.

The materials used in construction are of first class quality, and perhaps rather better than is usually found in houses of the size. The rooms are all of ample size and convenient of access and communication. The frame is of pine, sheathed with shiplap overlaid with paper. The outside finish is of pine, with pine clapboards on lower story. The second story and roof are covered with best cypress shingles. A cellar is provided under the rear wing and is reached by a stairway placed under the main flight and leading from the pantry.

It is quite common to find the kitchen planned in such a way as to place it in an out of the way position, entailing considerable labor in going backward and forward, or else it is placed in such a way that the smells of cooking and the noise from the

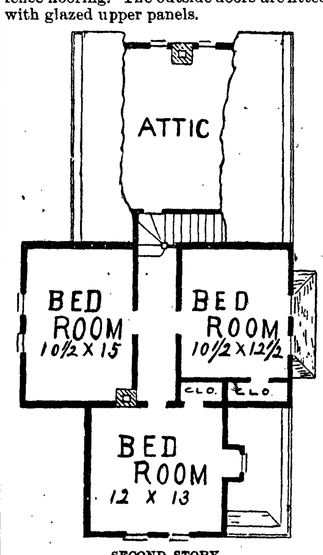



FIRST STORY.

kitchen can be known in anything but a pleasant manner all over the house. Both errors are avoided in this plan by placing the pantry between the kitchen and main house, thus placing the kitchen in a position convenient of access and at the same time sufficiently isolated to completely prevent annoyance.

The dimensions are 27x48 feet. Height of ceilings—cellar, 6 ft. 6 in.; first floor, 9 feet; second, 8 feet in the clear. On the first floor are the parlor, sitting room, bedroom and kitchen, besides a well fitted pantry. The main stairs rise from an entry, which opens from the kitchen and sitting room. On the second floor are three good chambers and an attic room.

The four principal rooms on the first floor are finished in S Y pine, which is filled with white shellac and covered with two coats of the best white hard oil, rubbed with pumice stone and water to a smooth dead surface. All other rooms are finished in white pine and painted. The kitchen is wainscoted three feet high and provided with a small galvanized steel sink, with drain table. The pastry table in the pantry is fitted up with two portable tilting bins beneath, and a pastry board is made to slide under the top of the table. The floors of the kitchen and pantry are of narrow S Y pine, while all others are of selected fence flooring. The outside doors are fitted with glazed upper panels.




SECOND STORY.

The timbers are for sills 6x8; first floor joist, 2x8; second floor joist, 2x10; studs and rafters, 2x4. All joist, studding and rafters to be placed 16 inches from centers; joist bridged with 1x4. The hardware is first quality throughout. All that on first floor is ornamental bronze plated and carefully selected to match in style. The exterior is painted three coats.

E. A. PAYNE.

**Brass Ornaments.**

Brass supplies an admirable mounting for beveled plate glass on bureaus and dressing tables, which may be modern or antique in style and finish, with candelabra or other trimmings.—Decorator and Furnisher.

**Josephine's Old Home.**

Further efforts are being made to preserve historic Malmaison, once the residence of the Empress Josephine, from falling into the hands of some Nineteenth century vandal, who would probably demolish it in order to raise "jerry built" suburban villas on its site. The old palace is in a rather bad condition, being destitute of furniture, tapestry and proper ornamentation. The two facades—one on the courtyard and the other on the garden—are in a tolerably good condition, as well as the windows, staircases and ceilings.

The rooms might easily be rearranged in their old order and style. The vast porch, the dining room, with its figures of nymphs, marble floor and fountain, the council chamber shaped like a military tent, the library, the salon of the Empress Josephine, with the bedroom attached, are in a fair state of preservation. Malmaison park has already been cut up for building lots, and several small houses with gardens now exist on the property.

The place was purchased in September, 1798, by Josephine, for £6,400—paid partly out of her marriage portion and partly out of the military allowance of her husband, then General Bonaparte. When First Consul Napoleon spent his leisure hours at Malmaison, and in the early days of the First Empire, the place was for Josephine what the Petit Trainon was for Marie Antoinette—an agreeable change from palatial splendor. After the death of Josephine, in May, 1814, Malmaison had no occupants of note until Napoleon returned there for a few days before his last exile.

Prince Eugene de Beauharnais looked after the property during his lifetime, but in 1826 his heirs sold it to a Swedish banker. In 1841 Queen Maria Christina of Spain bought it and sold it in 1861 for £44,000 to the Emperor Napoleon III, who made a present of it to the state. Under the third republic Malmaison has been neglected and allowed to lapse into its present deplorable condition. It was sold to private persons and now awaits other owners.—London Telegraph.

**Dogs Testifying in Court.**

"Hold up your right hand and be sworn," said Squire Tyrrell, addressing Hector, a large mastiff, in court in Cincinnati. The dog had been summoned as a witness, and in compliance with the magistrate's demand Hector held up his right forepaw and commenced barking.

The case was one in which Dr. Buck proved to the court that Hector and Dane, another large dog, belonged to him. The two had strayed away, and August Schmelt, a saloon keeper, got possession of them and would not give them back to the owner.

Dr. Buck had taught the animals certain tricks, one of which was to imitate a witness giving testimony, and he gave the magistrate a list of questions.

"Where's your master?" asked the court of Rector. The dog went to the rear part of the room and picked out Dr. Buck from a large crowd of spectators.

The same question was asked of Dane, and he went through the same performance.

"Where's Dane?" was asked of Hector. The dog looked at Dane and barked. "Where's Hector?" was asked of Dane. The latter looked at Hector and barked. The two mastiffs were given to Dr. Buck.—Cor. Philadelphia Record.

**An Anchorite in Durance Vile.**

Hermits are generally supposed to be holy men who spend their lives far from the madding crowd, occupying themselves in works of prayer and meditation on the vanity of the world. Jean Galade, an anchorite of the Nineteenth century, who has been arrested near Perpignan, can hardly be classed among the disciples of St. Anthony, or of any other pious tenant of the Thebaid. While supposed to be leading a contemplative life he was going about the country stealing like a gypsy. His depredations having been brought to the notice of the proper authorities, the gendarmes were sent out after Jean, and he was captured at St. Paul. The gyves were promptly placed upon his wrists, and he was marched between two stern faced men to the prison of Prades, where he will remain in real seclusion from the world for a considerable period.—Paris Cor. London Telegraph.

Mr. Clarkson, of the national Republican committee, is not a general and does not like to be called by that title.

**Reserve Lots.**

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned will receive filings and take proofs in all matters of claims to Port Angeles Townsite Reservation Lots, as well as Homestead and Pre-emption Claims. As the county receives a great and much needed benefit from the fees paid the clerk in such cases, and the cost to the claimant is never any greater at the court house than if paid to private parties, and as all lots and parcels of land become taxable as soon as title passes to individuals, it is deemed of interest to all having such claims to make their filings and proofs before the Clerk of the Superior Court.

A. A. RICHARDSON, Clerk.

**Reduced Passenger Rates.**

The Northern Pacific Railroad takes pleasure in notifying its patrons that its rates to St. Paul, Chicago and points east, are as low as by any and all other lines. Full particulars will be cheerfully furnished upon application to

M. J. CARRIGAN, Agent,
By C. M. KENT, Acting Agt.

LAMOREUX & GAY,

Attorneys-at-Law.

OFFICE OVER HALL DRUG CO.

Port Angeles, Wash.

**PROBATE NOTICE.**

In the Superior court of the State of Washington for the county of Clallam.

In the matter of the estate of Marquis D. Pullen, deceased. } No. 4, Probate,

Order to show cause why order of sale of real estate should not be made.

It appearing to the court by the petition this day presented and filed by Jesse S. Maxfield and Ephraim D. Pullen, administrators of the estate of Marquis D. Pullen, deceased, that there is not sufficient personal estate in the hands of said administrators to pay the debts outstanding against said deceased and the expenses of administration, and that it is necessary to sell some portion of the real estate belonging to said estate to pay said debts and expenses, it is ordered that all persons interested appear at the court room of this court on Saturday, the fifth day of August, 1893, at ten o'clock a. m., of said day, to show cause why an order should not be granted to said administrators to sell so much of the real estate of said deceased as shall be necessary to pay said debts and expenses, and it is further ordered that a copy of this order be published at least four successive weeks in the DEMOCRAT-LEADER, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said Clallam county, Washington before said fifth day of August, 1893.

Dated June 30, 1893.

JAMES G. MCCLINTON,
Judge.

State of Washington, } ss
County of Clallam. }

I, A. A. Richardson, county clerk and clerk of the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for the county of Clallam, holding terms at Port Angeles, hereby certify that the above is a true copy of the original order of the Superior court as the same appears of record in my office.

Witness my hand and the seal of said Superior Court affixed this 30th day of June, 1893.

A. A. RICHARDSON,
County Clerk and Clerk of the Superior court.

Date of first publication June 30, 1893.

R. C. WILSON, Atty for Admrs.

## NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the Board of County Commissioners of Clallam county, Washington, will meet Monday, August 7th, 1893, as a Board of Equalization to then and there equalize the assessed valuation of the real and personal property of Clallam county, Washington, returned by the County Assessor of said county. The said Board will continue in session from day to day until said work of equalization is completed according to law.

All property owners within Clallam county, and the agents of such, are respectfully requested to take due notice hereof.

By order of the Board of County Commissioners of Clallam county.

In witness whereof I, John W. Troy, Auditor of Clallam county, Washington, have hereunto set my hand and official seal this 13th day of July, A. D. 1893.

JOHN W. TROY,
Auditor of Clallam county, Wash.

Date of first publication July 14th, 1893.

**NOTICE.**

Notice is hereby given that letters tetamentary on the estate of W. L. Church, deceased, were granted to the undersigned on the 8th day of July, 1893, by the Superior Court of the state of Washington for Clallam county.

All persons having claims against said deceased, are required to present them to me with the necessary vouchers, within one year after the date of this notice, to-wit: Within one year from July 14th, 1893, at the office of R. C. Wilson, attorney-at-law, at the city of Port Angeles, in said Clallam county, that being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate.

Dated July 14th, 1893.

LOUISA J. CHURCH,
Executrix of the last will and testament of W. L. Church, deceased.

Date of first publication July 14, 1893.

R. C. Wilson, attorney for executrix.

**Notice of Sale of Real Estate.**

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to an order of the Superior court of the State of Washington for the county of Clallam, made on the 20th day of June, 1893, the undersigned, as administrator with the will annexed, of the estate of Jim Quimmyak, alias James Webster, deceased, will offer at public auction at the court house of said Clallam county, at Port Angeles, in said county, on Saturday, August 5, 1893, at 11 o'clock, a. m., the following described real estate situated in said Clallam county, to-wit;

All the right, title, interest and estate of said Jim Quimmyak, alias James Webster, deceased, of, in and to lots one (1), two (2), three (3) and four (4), and the northeast quarter of the south west quarter of section twenty-one (21), in township thirty-two (32), north of range twelve (12) west, containing 154 acres, more or less, including the following described lands, to-wit: Beginning at a point 57.3 rods west of the south east corner of the above described tract of land and running thence north to the shore line of Clallam bay; thence south 43 degrees west 7.5 rods; thence south 51 degrees 10 minutes west 16.5 rods; thence south to the southern boundary line of the above described tract of land, and thence east 18.9 rods to the place of beginning, containing 18 acres, the estate and interest so to be sold, including any and all community interest of Fanny Etiat Quimmyak, alias Yatsquso Quimmyak, alias Jim Quimmyak, alias Mrs. James Webster, now deceased, in and to said lands.

Terms of sale—Cash, gold coin of the United States.

JOHN D. HICKOK.
Administrator, with the will annexed, of the estate of Jim Quimmyak, alias James Webster, deceased.

Date of first publication, July 7, 1893.

R. C. Wilson, Atty for admr.

## County Road Notice.

We, the undersigned, twelve freeholders, residing in the vicinity through which the following proposed change of county road will pass, hereby give notice to all person concerned, that at the next term of the board of county commissioners of Clallam county we will petition said board for a change in the county road in said county, having its points of beginning and ending and course as follows:

Commencing at a point where the Joel Veasey road crosses the section line between sections 9 and 10, in township 29 north, range 13 west, Willamette meridian, thence running south on said section line between said sections 9 and 10, in said township and range to a point where the said Joel Veasey road intersects the said section line on Maxfield Prairie, end ending at a point where the said Joel Veasey road intersects the said section on Maxfield's prairie.

PRINCIPAL PETITIONERS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Joel veasey | Shuwah |
| Clarence E. Doyle | Shuwah |
| M. V. B. Lamoreux | Beaver |
| S. B. Laughlin | Beaver |
| Charles Kelley | Shuwah |
| M. Beegler | Shuwah |
| Josiah Myers | Shuwah |
| L. C. Remington | Shuwah |
| Thomas O'Neil | Shuwah |
| Jacob Fasel | Shuwah |
| D. Colomb | Shuwah |
| J. P. Austin | Shuwah |

RAYMOND & STEWART,

—: IMPORTERS OF :—

GROCERIES

CANNED FRUITS.

The Best Butter and Fresh Ranch Eggs in the Market.

Produce Bought and Sold.

Goods Delivered to any Part of the City.

Clark Building.

Port Angeles Traffic and Transfer Company.

Freight and Baggage Transfered to all Parts of th City.

HAY AND FEED FOR SALE.

Wood Delivered at Reasonable Prices.

PORT ANGELES, - - - WASHINGTON

—— LOTS IN THE ——

GYRENBAD -:- CEMETERY.

Are now ready for sale. Plat can be seen at the store of

—: JOHN M. MARTIN, :—
FUNERAL DIRECTOR,

Or at the residence of

CHARLES PETERS,
On Tumwater Hill, opposite Mynatt's Store.

E. H. FOSTER

Has Some Fine Investments.

## Notice Sheriff's Sale.

Andrew Powell, Plaintiff.
vs.
Charles St. John and H. B. Wilson, Defendants. } No. 744.

STATE OF WASHINGTON } ss.
COUNTY OF CLALLAM, }

By virtue of a decree rendered and entered in the aboue entitled Court in the above entitled cause on the 22nd day of July 1893, wherein and whereby the said plaintiff, Andrew Powell, recovered judgment against the said defendant, Charles St. John, for the sum of $525, and the further sum of $100.00 as attorney's fees in said cause, and costs of suit taxed at $62.80, and the foreclosure of a certain mortgage upon the lands and premises hereintofore described; and by virtue of an execution and order of sale issued out of said Court upon said judgment and decree, dated the 28th day of July 1893, and to me the undersigned as the sheriff of said County directed and delivered, wherein and whereby I am commanded to levy upon and sell in the manner prescribed by law all of the lands and premises hereinafter described, to satisfy said judgment, interest costs and increased costs;

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that on Saturday, the 26th day of August 1893, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, and at the North front door of the Court house of said County, situate in the City of Port Angeles therein, I will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, all of the following described real estate, lands and premises, situate in said County of Clallam and State of Washington, to-wit:

The West half of the South West quarter of Section No. Four (4), East half of Southwest quarter Sec. No. Five (5) all in Township No. Thirty-one(31), North of Range Eleven (11), West of Willamette Meridian, containing 160 acres more or less, to satisfy said judgment costs and accruing costs.

Dated this 28th day of July 1893.

S. G. MORSE,
Sheriff of Clallam County State of Washington.
By W. E. BURNSIDE,
Deputy Sheriff of said County.

BENTON EMBREE, Attorney for Plaintiff.

Date of First Publication, July 28th, 1893.

## Notice to Contractors.

OFFICE OF CITY CLERK.
Port Angeles, July 27th, 1893.

Sealed proposals for constructing the dams pipe line, flume and power house, relating to the operating of the electric lighting plant, now under lease by the city of Port Angeles, will be received at the office of the city clerk.

Proposals shall also include the cost of such excavation as may be necessary.

Such work shall be done in accordance with the plans and specifications now on file in the office of the city clerk.

Each proposal shall be accompanied by certified check for $200 as an evidence of good faith; and must be filed with the city clerk at least one day prior to a regular meeting of the city council.

The right is reserved to reject any and all proposals.

C. K. HUMPHRIES.
City Clerk.

DR. J. P. FRIZELL,

Lic. Royal Colledge of Surgeons, Ireland.

Lic. Kings and Queens College of Physicians, Ircland.

Has Commercial Practice in Port Angeles, Corner of Front and Laural Streets.

OFFICE HOURS:
10 to 12 a. m. 2 to 5 p. m.

GEORGE HANCOCK,

PLASTERER
—:AND:—
BRICKLAYER.

Estimates and Contracts furnished on all kinds and descriptions of work.

PORT ANGELES WASH

-:GO TO THE:-

Elkhorn : Saloon

——:FOR:——

Fine Wines and Liquors.

Thos. O'Neil, Prop.

HARRY E. LUTZ,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
U. S. COMMISSIONER
U. S. LAND FILINGS AND PROOFS

OFFICE OVER FIRST NATIONAL BANK
FRONT STREET, PORT ANGELES, WASH